

SET - 2

FUNDAMENTALS OF FINANCIAL AND COST ACCOUNTING

Time Allowed: 1 Hour Full Marks: 100

Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

1.	Entrance fee of ₹20,000 received by a club is a			
	(a)	Capital Receipts	О	
	(b)	Revenue Receipt	0	
	(c)	Capital Expenditure	О	
	(d)	Revenue Expenditure	О	
2.	₹ 5,000	incurred for up gradation of computer by installation of 128 MB Ram is		
	(a)	Capital Expenditure	О	
	(b)	Deferred Revenue Expenditure	0	
	(c)	Revenue Expenditure	О	
	(d)	None of the above	О	
3.		eipt of ₹ 200 from Rajesh (debtor) has not been recorded in the books the would show		
	(a)	An increase of ₹ 2,000	О	
	(b)	A decrease of ₹ 200	О	
	(c)	Neither an increase nor a decrease	О	
	(d)	None of the above	О	
4.	A Ledg	er is also called :		
	(a)	Book of Original entry	О	
	(b)	Book of Primary entry	О	
	(c)	Book of Final entry	О	
	(d)	None of the above	О	
5.	When p	preparing a Bank Reconciliation Statement, if you start with debit balance		
	as per	Cash Book cheques sent to bank but not collected should be		
	(a)	Added	О	
	(b)	Deducted	О	
	(c)	Not required to be adjusted	О	



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	(d)	None	О
6.		concept assumes that, for accounting purposes, the business	
	enterpri	se and its owners are two separate independent entities.	
	(a)	Accrual	О
	(b)	Money Measurement	О
	(c)	Going Concern	О
	(d)	Business Entity	О
7.	Bank ha	as directly paid ₹1,250 for rent as per standing instructions. In BRS starting	
	with Pa	ss Book overdraft	
	(a)	₹ 1,250 will be added to Pass Book overdraft	О
	(b)	₹ 2,500 will be added to Pass Book overdraft	O
	(c)	This amount will be ignored	О
	(d)	₹ 1,250 will be deducted from Pass Book overdraft.	О
8.	Journal	entry of wages ₹8,000 paid for installation of machinery will be	
	(a)	Dr. Wages A/c and Cr. Cash A/c with ₹8,000	О
	(b)	Dr.Machinery A/c and Cr. Cash A/c with ₹8,000	О
	(c)	Dr.Machinery repairs A/c and Cr. Cash A/c with ₹8,000	О
	(d)	None of these	О
9.	A recov	very of bad debt	
	(a)	increases net income	О
	(b)	decreases net income	О
	(c)	increases gross profit and net income	О
	(d)	None of the above	О
10.		original cost of the machine = ₹ 1,00,000, life = 5 years' residual value =	
		. If the depreciation for 4th year as per SLM is ₹ 19,600, then the rate of	
	depreci	ation p.a. is	
	(a)	10%	О
	(b)	15%	О
	(c)	20%	О
	(d)	5%	О



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11.	A witho	drawal of cash from business by the proprietor should be credited to:			
	(a)	Drawing A/c	О		
	(b)	Capital A/c	О		
	(c)	Cash A/c	О		
	(d)	Purchase A/c	О		
12.	Prepaid	rent is a:			
	(a)	Nominal A/c	О		
	(b)	Representative Personal A/c	О		
	(c)	Tangible Assets A/c	О		
	(d)	None	О		
13.	Which	financial statement represents the accounting equation-Assets = Liabilities			
	+ Owne	er's equity:			
	(a) Income Statement				
	(b)	"Statement of Cash flows"	О		
	(c)	"Balance Sheet"	О		
	(d)	"None"	О		
14.	_	ocess of recording business transactions in a book of original entry is as			
	(a)	Journal	0		
	(b)	Balance	0		
	(c)	Posting	О		
	(d)	none	О		
15.	In an A	ccount if debit > credit side, the balance is known as the			
	(a)	Negative balance	О		
	(b)	Debit balance	0		
	(c)	Positive balance	0		
	(d)	Credit balance	О		
16.	he cons	s out goods to Y, costing ₹1,50,000. Goods are to be sold at cost +33 1/3%. T ignor asked consignee to pay an advance for an amount equivalent to 60% of alue. The amount of advance will be:			



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	(a)	₹1,20,000	О
	(b)	₹1,00,000	О
	(c)	₹1,50,000	O
	(d)	None	О
17.	"If uns	sold goods costing ₹20,000 is taken over by venture at ₹15,000 the Joint	
	venture	A/c will be credited"	
	(a)	₹20,000	0
	(b)	₹15,000	О
	(c)	₹5,000	О
	(d)	Nil	О
18.	Over-ri	ding commission is calculated on:	О
	(a)	Cash sales	0
	(b)	Credit sales only	О
	(c)	Sales at higher price	О
	(d)	Credit sales less cash sales.	0
19.	If the d	el credere commission is 10%, cash sales are ₹5,000 and credit sales is ₹10,	
	000. Ca	alculate the amount of del credere commission.	
	(a)	₹1,500	0
	(b)	₹.1,000	0
	(c)	₹.500	О
	(d)	None of the above.	0
20.	The uns	sold stock on consignment is valued at-	
	(a)	Original cost of the goods	О
	(b)	Original cost + expenses incurred by both consignor and consignee	О
	(c)	Original cost + expenses incurred only by the consignee	О
	(d)	Original cost + all expenses incurred by consignor & consignee	О
		-	
21.	What is	s the liability for the discounted bill known as?	
	(a)	Current liability	О
	(b)	Contingent liability	О
	(c)	Non-current liability	О
	` '		



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22. Retirement of bill means: (a) making payment before the due date O (b) cancellation of the bill O (c) sending the bill for collection O (d) endorsing the bill in favour of third party O 23. What is Bill Endorsement? (a) The bill's terms and the date of the drawing O (b) The acceptance date as well as the bill's terms O (c) Extra days for making a payment after the bill's due date O (d) The process through which the bill's holder transfers the bill's title with the help of their creditors. 24. At the time of preparation of financial accounts, bad debts recovered account will be transferred to (a) Debtors A/c O (b) Profit & Loss A/c O (c) Profit & Loss A/gustment A/c O (d) Profit & Loss Aljustment A/c O 25. P & L Account is prepared for period of one year by following (a) Consistency Concept O (b) Conservatism Concept O (c) Accounting Period Concept O (d) Cost Concept O 26. "Income and Expenditure Account shows subscriptions at ₹10,000. Subscriptions accrued in the beginning of the year and at the end of the year were ₹1,000 and ₹1,500 respectively. The figure of subscriptions received appearing in Receipts and Payments Account will be" (a) 9500 O (b) 11000 O (c) 10000 O (d) None of the above O		(d)	None of the preceding.	О			
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and Payments Account will be" O							
(b) 11000 O (c) 10000 O							
(c) 10000 O		(a)	9500	0			
		(b)	11000	0			
(d) None of the above O		(c)	10000	0			
		(d)	None of the above	0			



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27.	_	riodic financial statements of a not-for-profit organisation comprises which						
		following?						
	(a)	Receipts and Payments Account to determine the inflow and outflow of	О					
		cash of the organisation for a given period						
	(b)	Income and Expenditure Account to determine the surplus and deficit of	О					
		he organisation for the period concerned						
	(c)	Balance Sheet to assess the financial state of affairs as at the end of the	О					
		accounting period						
	(d)	All of these	О					
28.	Invento	ory is :						
	(a)	Included in the category of fixed assets	О					
	(b)	An investment	О					
	(c)	A part of current assets	О					
	(d)	An intangible fixed asset	О					
29.	Which	one of the following is not prepared by non-profit organizations:						
	(a)	Profit and Loss Account	О					
	(b)	Income & Expenditure Account	О					
	(c)	Receipts and Payments Account	0					
	(d)	Balance Sheet	О					
30.	Endow	ment fund receipt is treated as -						
	(a)	Capital Receipt	О					
	(b)	Revenue Receipt	0					
	(c)	Loss	0					
	(d)	Expenses	О					
21	A C	. 11 1 1						
31.	-	t and loss sheet is prepared						
	(a)	With the trading account	0					
	(b)	In succession to the trading account	0					
	(c)	Before the trading account	0					
	(d)	It can be prepared anytime	О					
32.	Gross 1	profit is equal to						
	1							



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	(a)	sales – cost of goods sold	О			
	(b)	sales – closing stock + purchase	О			
	(c)	opening stock + purchases – closing stock	О			
	(d)	none of the above	О			
33.	The tot	tal cost incurred in the operation of a business undertaking other than the				
	cost of	manufacturing and production is known as:				
	(a)	direct cost	О			
	(b)	Variable cost	О			
	(c)	commercial cost	О			
	(d)	conversion cost	О			
34.	Interest	t on own capital is:				
	(a)	Cash cost	О			
	(b)	Notional cost	О			
	(c)	Sunk cost	О			
	(d)	Part of Prime Cost	О			
35.	Margin	al costing is concerned with:				
	(a)	Fixed costs				
	(b) Variable costs					
	(c)	Semi-fixed costs	О			
	(d)	None of the above	О			
36.		production of 16,000 units @ ₹ 2 per unit.				
	_	overheads @ 50 paise per unit for 16,000 units.				
	(a)	old @₹4.00 per unit. Compute profit. ₹24,000	0			
	(b)	₹1.50	0			
	(c)	₹40,000	0			
	(d)	None of the above	0			
	(u)	Trong of the doore				
37.	In beha	vioural analysis', costs are divided into:				
	(a)	production and non-production costs	О			
	(b)	controllable and non-controllable costs	0			
	(c)	direct and indirect costs	0			
	(d)	fixed and variable costs	0			



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38.	"If the	manager is entitled to a commission of 5% on profits before deduction this					
		ssion, he will get a commission of on a profit of ₹ 8,400 "					
	(a)	400	0				
	(b)	442.11	0				
	(c)	420	0				
	(d)	None of these	0				
39.	Gross	Factory Cost = ₹29,000. Net Factory Cost = ₹27,000. Opening stock of					
	work-ii	n- progress is ₹4,000. Find closing stock of work-in-progress.					
	(a)	₹25,000	0				
	(b)	₹6,000	0				
	(c)	₹33,000	0				
	(d)	None of the above	0				
40.	"The R	eceipts and Payments Account shows the following details:					
	Subscri	iption Arrears ₹500					
	Curren	t ₹10,500					
	Advance ₹800						
	There are 1,200 members each paying an annual subscription of ₹10. The amount						
	to be credited to Income and Expenditure Account will be" (a) ₹11.800						
	(a) ₹11,800						
	(b)	₹11,300	О				
	(c)	₹12,000	О				
	(d)	None of the above	О				
41.	Deprec	iation is an example of-					
	(a)	Fixed Cost	О				
	(b)	Variable Cost	О				
	(c)	Semi Variable Cost	О				
	(d)	None	О				
42.	The we	orks cost plus administration expenses :					
42.		Total Cost	0				
	(a)		0				
	(b)	Cost of production cost of sales					
	(c)	COST OF SAICS	О				



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	(d)	Factory cost	О
43.	Which	of the following is a part of both Prime cost and conversion cost:	
	(a)	Direct Material	О
	(b)	Indirect Labour	О
	(c)	Indirect Material	О
	(d)	Direct Labour	О
44.	Averao	e stock = ₹12,000, closing stock is ₹3,000 more than Opening Stock the	
' ' '	value o	f Closing Stock will be	
	(a)	₹10,500	О
	(b)	₹13,500	О
	(c)	₹12,000	О
	(d)	₹24,000	О
15	C 4	.'tau of Acate on al. 'In To Acate on 'm	
45.		nits of Automobile Industry is-	
	(a)	Cubic meter	0
	(b)	Bed Night Number of Call	0
	(c)		0
	(d)	Number of vehicle	О
46.	Margin	al costing is concerned with:	
	(a)	Fixed costs	0
	(b)	Variable costs	0
	(c)	Semi-fixed costs	О
	(d)	None of the above	О
47.	Which	of the following is not a relevant cost?	
47.		Replacement cost	0
	(a) (b)	Sunk cost	0
	(c)	Marginal cost	0
	(d)	standard cost	0
	(u)	Standard Cost	
48.	Over w	rhich of the following costs, management is likely to have least control:	
	(a)	wages cost	О
	(b)	building insurance cost	О



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	(c)	machinery breakdown cost	О
	(d)	advertisement cost	О
49.	"Indire	ct material cost is a part of:"	
	(a)	Prime cost	О
	(b)	Factory overhead	О
	(c)	chargeable expenses	О
	(d)	None of these	О
50.	From the	ne following information, find out purchases.	
	Raw m	aterial consumed = ₹53,000.	
	Closing	g Stock = ₹9,000	
	Openin	g Stock = ₹6,000	
	(a)	₹56,000	О
	(b)	₹62,000	О
	(c)	₹47,000	О
	(d)	₹68,000	О



FOUNDATION EXAMINATION MODEL ANSERS TERM – DEC 2024

PAPER - 2

FUNDAMENTALS OF FINANCIAL AND COST ACCOUNTING

Time Allowed: 1 Hour

Full Marks: 100

SET 2

Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

Answer:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
a	a	С	С	b	d	d	d	a	С
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.
С	b	c	a	b	a	b	c	a	b
21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.
b	a	d	b	С	С	d	С	a	a
31.	32.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.	39.	40.
b	a	С	b	b	a	d	С	b	С
41.	42.	43.	44.	45.	46.	47.	48.	49.	50.
a	ь	d	ь	d	ь	b	d	b	a