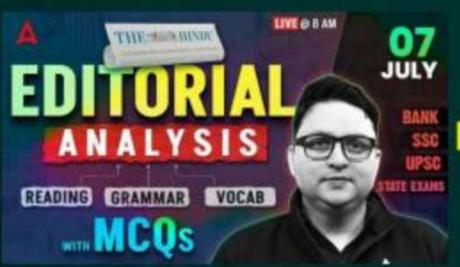
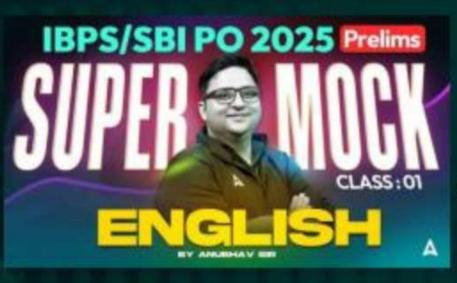


: सफलता की संगत



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READING

Let's be broken when is consequent to English he completely extended a consequent to the part transportant. It's expectation of the expectation of the extended and transportant is the extended at the extended and transportant is the extended at the exten

VOCABIILARY

I known to continuous can best or continuing established as sensor wasses, as tilthe times that there's the trails, it decemed have been been been been trails, it decemed to the trails, it decemed to the trails and the sensor that the trails of the trail

GRAMMAR

ticummur. It has a bit of a repretation, right? The many robes, the many more phone in many more phone. But here's the thing: granteness should be the dry or confining, in fact, it can be more of the mone representing tracks you book. We're not going to create robes we're going to create place and promption of them to be a present to the first roof perceptages combert, no preself not become granteness estantly worth to clear to clear the first begin and promption of the control of

IDIOMS & PHRASES

iditions used physics. Home little expressions that often continue as in the susin above to course, we've get this. E've picked the same year'd sectionly contecertors in common, profiled sirelight from shally envelopepers. But more importantly, I'll help year understand three in a way that obtain. Not by rose, but therughreal content and aborde encaring. Over three, these phrases will become second enclose to you, and you'll be able to use and spot them offertheady. It's one of those encart things that makes a big difference.



DESCRIPTIVE WRITING

Descriptive writing is where your preparation essets your personality, it's mot next about grassians or structure—H's about here you think, here you freel, and have about property of the continue of the con



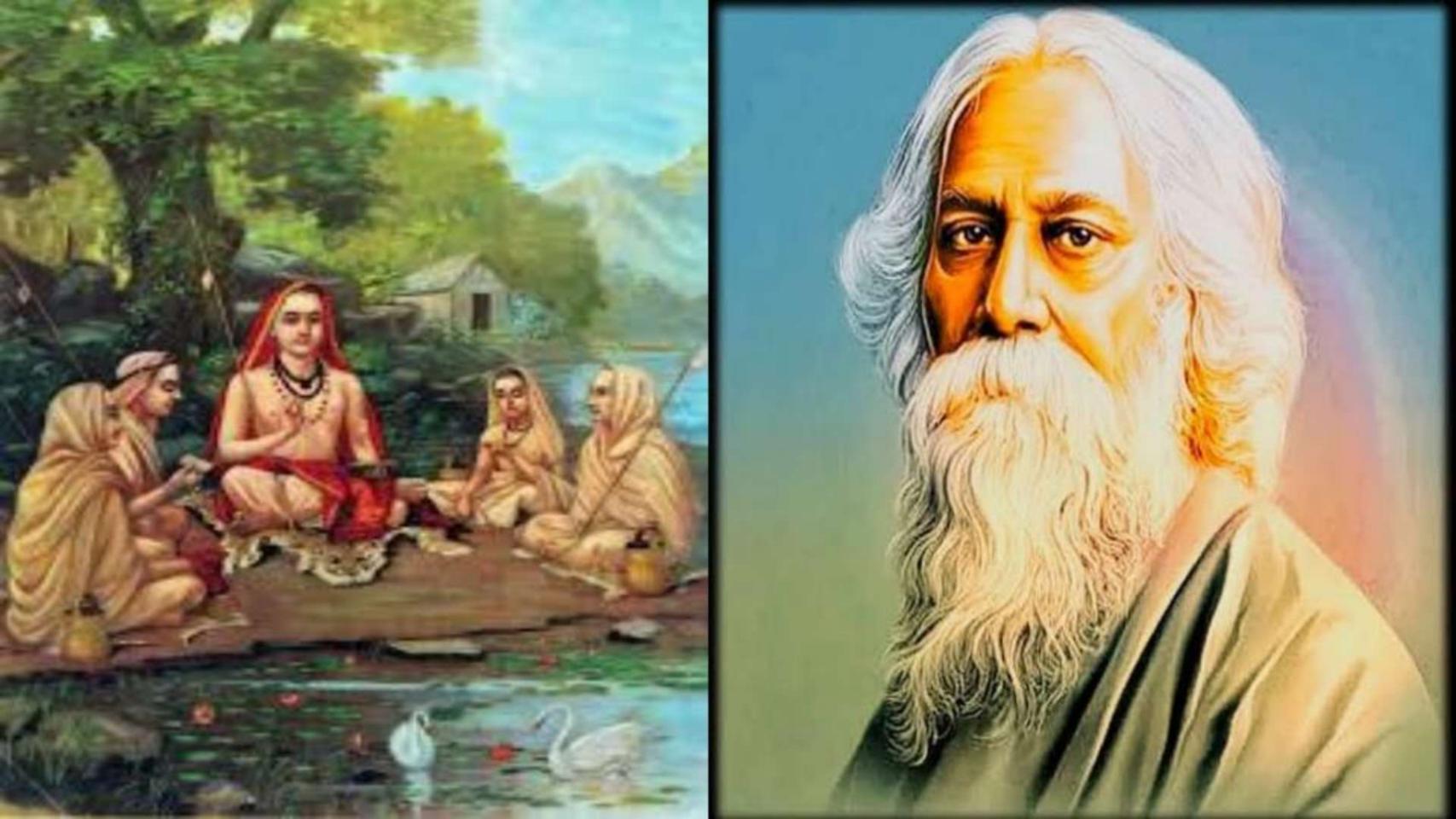
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अगाध

difficult for one of ordinary knowledge or intelligence to understand

Erudite



- Esoteric
- Recondite
- Arcane
- Hermetic
- Ambiguous

ANTONYMS

Facile Superfilla

Sogation: Lucid Fathomable

Perspicuous

rivial runson Minor

Kya Bolra Kuch Samajh me nahi aara

FORMS

Noun-(profundity)

Y00/

The book offers ______ insights into human nature.







अतिक्रमन करना

to go beyond the limit of





- · Surpass / Intrude Treopans
- Invade
- Encroach
- Entrench

- Succumb
- Submerge
- Yield _
- Descend,





Noun-(transcendence)

Her performance _____ all expectations.

HINDU EDITORIAL ANALYSIS ANUBHAV SIR



BLISS

परम आनद

a feeling or state of well-being and contentment





- Beatitude
- Ecstasy.
- Felicity
- Elation
- Euphoria

- AgonyWoe
- Anguish
- Blues

Adjective-(blissful)

FORMS

ANAND MIL GAYA

Marriage is often described as a state of





WHIMSICAL

सनकी

prone to sudden illogical changes of mind, ideas, or actions



SYNONYMS



ANTONYMS

- Eccentric
- Volatile /
- Capricious
- Quirky __/
- **Impetuous**

- Earthy
- Pragmatic
- Rational



- Solver FORMS
 Sagalion Noun-(whimsy)
- Sane

decisions often surprised her colleagues. Her_





MODICUM

अल्पभाग

the smallest amount or part imaginable



- Whit _
- Shred
- · Hoot -
- Iota
- Darn 📝



Myriad

Plethona



- Plentitude
- Profusion
- Glut

Surplus Surfeit

Abondance

She possessed a modicum of patience, unlike her colleague who had an of it.



Chumne chale



traveling from place to place

Vagabond

SYNONYMS



- Peregrine
- Itinerant ____
- Ambulatory
- Vagrant



- Sedentary
- Rooted
- Resident
- Stationary



FORMS

Noun-(nomad)

The carried their belongings wherever they went.









अज्ञानी, अनजान

not informed about or aware of something.







- Oblivious
- Incognizant
- Unschooled
- Inconscient /



- Erudite
- Cognizant
- Conscious
- Acquainted



Noun-(nescience)



The ______ traveler overlooked important cultural customs.



HINDU EDITORIAL ANALYSIS



OBEISANCE

श्रदधा



a show of respect or acknowledgement of the authority or importance of another

Veneration



ANTONYMS

- Homage
- Reverence
- Adoration.
- Capitulation

- Epithet (
 - Affront
 - Insolence,
 - Impudence









He made a deep to the spiritual leader.





HINDU EDITORIAL ANALYSIS | ANUBHAV SIR |



dheere iske



चिड़चिड़ा

easily irritated or annoyed



jaise

SYNONYMS

- Irritable _
- Querulous
- Fractious
- Cantankerous



· Affable / Amig ble Serene

Gregarious/

Stoic



FORMS

Noun-(petulance)

Jynno Luders

His made it difficult to work with him.





REALM





an area over which activity, capacity, or influence extends





- Spectrum
- Amplitude
- Domain
- Ambit

- Periphery
- Fringe
- Exterior

ye mera area hai. aur area me koi bhi interess nahi karna. ok?



in

Artificial intelligence is a rapidly growing _____ of technology.



IDIOMS

- •Bend over backwards To make a great effort to help or satisfy someone. Example: The hotel staff bent over backwards to ensure we had a comfortable stay.
- •See eye to eye To agree completely with someone. Example: Though they often argued, they finally saw eye to eye on the budget proposal.
- •Hang by a thread To be in a dangerous or uncertain situation.

 Example: The peace agreement was hanging by a thread after the latest round of violence.



PHRASAL VERBS

- •Dwell on To think or talk a lot about something, especially something negative. Example: Instead of learning from the mistake, he kept dwelling on it for weeks.
- •Filter through To gradually become known or noticed. Example: Rumors about the company's downsizing began to filter through the office quietly.
- •Fade away To slowly disappear or become less intense. Example: His anger began to fade away as he listened to her explanation.



all derived from the root "ver" (Latin: verus, meaning "truth"):

- Veracious (adjective) Speaking or representing the truth
- Example: The witness was praised for her veracious testimony in court.
- •Verity (noun) A true principle or belief, especially one of fundamental importance
- Example: The ancient verities of justice and equality still guide our laws today.
- •Verify (verb) < To prove or confirm the truth of something
- Example: The scientist had to verify the data before publishing the results.
- •Verisimilitude (noun) The appearance of being true or real
- Example: The novel's strength lies in its emotional verisimilitude.
- •Verdict (noun) A decision on a disputed issue, especially one made in court
- Example: The jury returned a unanimous verdict of not guilty.





Imagine standing quietly by a river at sunset. The sky glows softly, painted in shades of amber and violet. As twilight deepens, two gentle voices seem to speak from within the heart: one belongs to the poet Rabindranath Tagore and the other to the sage Adi Shankaracharya. Although separated by centuries, their voices blend seamlessly, guiding us to one profound truth: the universe is a unified ocean of endless joy and consciousness Tagore's poetic spirit saw life as a dance of eternal bliss, shimmering within every leaf, every drop of rain, every rising sun. He invited us not just to observe this divine harmony but to feel it intimately, within ourselves. Tagore believed our everyday existence is bathed in sacredness, connecting us with something infinite and joyous. Shankaracharya echoed this with clarity, gently reminding us that beneath the layers of daily life—our desires, sorrows, virtues, and vices—exists a realm untouched by change. It's a place of pure awareness, blissful and boundless. For Shankaracharya, we are not limited individuals struggling through life; rather, we are infinite consciousness itself. At first glance, these two great minds seem distinct: Tagore spoke poetically from the heart, while Shankaracharya illuminated truth through reason and insight. Yet, together they show us two paths to the same destination—the realisation of our unity with the universe. Imagine yourself as a wave upon a vast ocean.

The wave rises, travels, and eventually returns to the water. While each wave appears separate, its essence is forever merged with the ocean. Tagore and Shankaracharva teach us to recognise ourselves as waves in the ocean of life—never truly separate, always part of the greater whole. Both masters also transcend religious rituals and boundaries, inviting us into a spirituality rooted deeply in silence. Tagore described profound devotion as a silent bowing of the heart—a communion beyond words, rituals, and temples. Shankaracharya similarly taught that spiritual awakening is simple: it means recognising our inherent freedom and bliss, not searching for them outside ourselves. Their teachings become especially powerful in our busy modern lives. Doctors, healers, teachers, caregivers—indeed, all of us—find profound meaning here. When we begin to see the divine in everyone we meet, each act of kindness becomes sacred, each moment becomes significant, and life itself transforms into spiritual practice. Tagore's gentle invitation is to embrace life as a divine celebration—to feel sacredness in ordinary moments, such as sunlight filtering through leaves, shared laughter, or quiet acts of compassion. Shankaracharya adds the depth of insight, teaching us to dissolve barriers that create loneliness and separateness. Together, they gently guide us towards a deeper understanding of our true selves, leading to lasting peace. In their combined wisdom, we rediscover our heart's true home—an endless stream of joy and serenity. Their voices blend into a harmonious melody, affirming that within us and all around us flows infinite bliss, connecting each soul eternally with the cosmos.

(5) (8) 10) (10)

1. Purpose-Based Question

What is the primary purpose of the passage?

- A. To compare the poetic styles of Rabindranath Tagore and Adi Shankaracharya
- B. To argue that poetic and philosophical voices are incompatible
- C. To illustrate the shared vision of universal unity in the teachings of Tagore and Shankaracharya
- D. To critique modern spiritual practices as too ritualistic
- E. To chronicle the historical evolution of Indian spirituality

2. Inference Based Question

Which of the following can be inferred about Tagore and Shankaracharya from the passage?

- A. Both rejected all forms of philosophical reasoning in favor of emotion.
- B. Tagore emphasized reason, while Shankaracharya emphasized emotion.
- C. Though separated by centuries, they offer complementary paths to spiritual realization.
- D. They collaborated directly to compose a single poetic work.
- E. Both focused primarily on external rituals as the path to unity.



3. Understanding context

The description "beneath the layers of daily life—our desires, sorrows, virtues, and vices—exists a realm untouched by change" chiefly conveys that this realm is:

- A. Subject to constant transformation
- B. Beyond the influence of worldly fluctuations
- C. Easily accessible through external devotion
- D. Defined by emotional turbulence
- E. Dependent on ritual observance



4. Vocab-Based Question

Which of the following best reflects the synonym of the word "blissful" as used in the passage?

The word "blissful" in the context of "a realm untouched by change ... pure awareness, blissful and boundless" most nearly means

- A. Turbulent
- B. Joyous without reservation
- C. Spiritually dubious
- D. Intellectually stimulating
- E. Physically invigorating



According to the passage, why are Tagore's and Shankaracharya's teachings particularly relevant to modern professionals (e.g., doctors, teachers)?

- A. They prescribe specific meditation techniques for daily practice.
- B. They emphasize the sacredness in ordinary acts, transforming everyday work into spiritual practice.
- C. They advocate for abandoning professional duties in favor of monastic life.
- D. They require formal membership in religious institutions.
- E. They focus on elaborate rituals to enhance workplace productivity.

Evaluate the following statements based on the passage:

- I. Tagore described profound devotion as a silent bowing of the heart—beyond words, rituals, and temples.
- II. Shankaracharya taught that spiritual awakening requires elaborate external ceremonies and rituals.
- III. Both Tagore and Shankaracharya emphasized transcending religious boundaries to recognize our unity with the universe.

Which of the above statements are true?

- A. Only I
- B. Only II
- C. II and III
- D. Only III
- E. I and III





India's long cricketing tour of England concluded in a gripping stalemate. A 2-2 verdict, following Shubman Gill's men snatching a six-run triumph against the host at the Oval on Monday (August 4, 2025), was an apt reflection of a well-contested Test series that featured five matches. Australia has been conquered a few times in its backyard, but for India, England at home remains a tough opponent. Only thrice has India seized a Test series under the whimsical English skies, with the last series victory coming in 2007. The odds were stacked high too as this was a visiting unit that had lost Rohit Sharma, Virat Kohli and R. Ashwin to retirements. Gill's men, however, fought hard. In an age in which there are whispers about implementing four-day Tests, this series was a reflection of all that is good with cricket's traditional format as every contest spilled onto the fifth day. England's Bazball style did upset India's best laid plans at times and yet the bowlers found ways to strike back. England was led well by the rousing manner of all-rounder Ben Stokes till he skipped the last Test due to injury. And in Joe Root, England has a batter for the ages, and if he stays fit, Sachin Tendulkar's record Test aggregate of 15,921 runs may not remain immune. In the distant past, a tour of England featured additional warm-up games against the Counties. The length of the tour helped players rest and regain form.





Modern-day players have no such luxuries as a cramped year-long schedule that packs in T20s such as the Indian Premier League, means that every overseas trip becomes a rushed affair. That Jasprit Bumrah could only play three Tests and even Stokes had to skip one at the end, is a reflection of how cricketers have no time to pause and remain injury prone. Seen in that light, Mohammed Siraj turning out for five Tests and bowling with verve and skill, is a huge testament of his fitness. India has much to cherish as Gill amassed 754 runs, and K.L. Rahul and Yashasvi Jaiswal excelled with the bat. Meanwhile, Ravindra Jadeja and Washington Sundar offered depth in the batting order, even if the tail below wilted. The injury to Rishabh Pant was unfortunate but he is bound to return in a while. India missed Mohammed Shami and much hinged on the fiery Siraj/who with 23 wickets, stepped up even as his fellow seamers lost their radar at times. A team in transition is bound to have teething issues. However, through their rugged fight, these players offer hope for better days ahead.





What can be reasonably inferred from the passage about the impact of modern cricketing schedules on player availability?

- A. Players now prefer T20 over Test cricket due to higher pay.
- B. The tight scheduling has indirectly improved fitness standards.
- C. International cricket boards are prioritizing Test matches over leagues.
- D. Modern schedules compromise player recovery, increasing injury risk.
- E. Modern cricketers are less committed to national duty.



Critical Reasoning - Cause & Effect

Which of the following is the most likely reason the passage highlights the absence of Rohit Sharma, Virat Kohli, and Ashwin?

- A. To demonstrate the challenge faced by a transitioning Indian team
- B. To underline that England remains unbeatable without key players
- C. To emphasize the rising role of senior cricketers in management
- D. To explain India's loss in the final Test of the series
- E. To draw attention to retirement patterns in English cricket

Fill in the Blank - Logical Completion

The Test series between India and England is presented as ____ contradicting current debates about shortening the format.

- A. a fading remnant of a dying tradition
- B. a predictable sequence of drawn matches
- C. a riveting justification for five-day cricket
- D. a futile example of outdated scheduling
- E. a routine clash overshadowed by T20s

-

True/False Evaluation

Which of the following statements are true according to the passage?

- I. Joe Root is seen as a long-term contender to Sachin Tendulkar's Test run record.
- II. All Indian seamers performed consistently well throughout the series.
- III. The final Test was skipped by England's regular captain due to injury.
- A. Only I
- B. I and III
- C. II and III
- D. Only III
- E. I, II, and III

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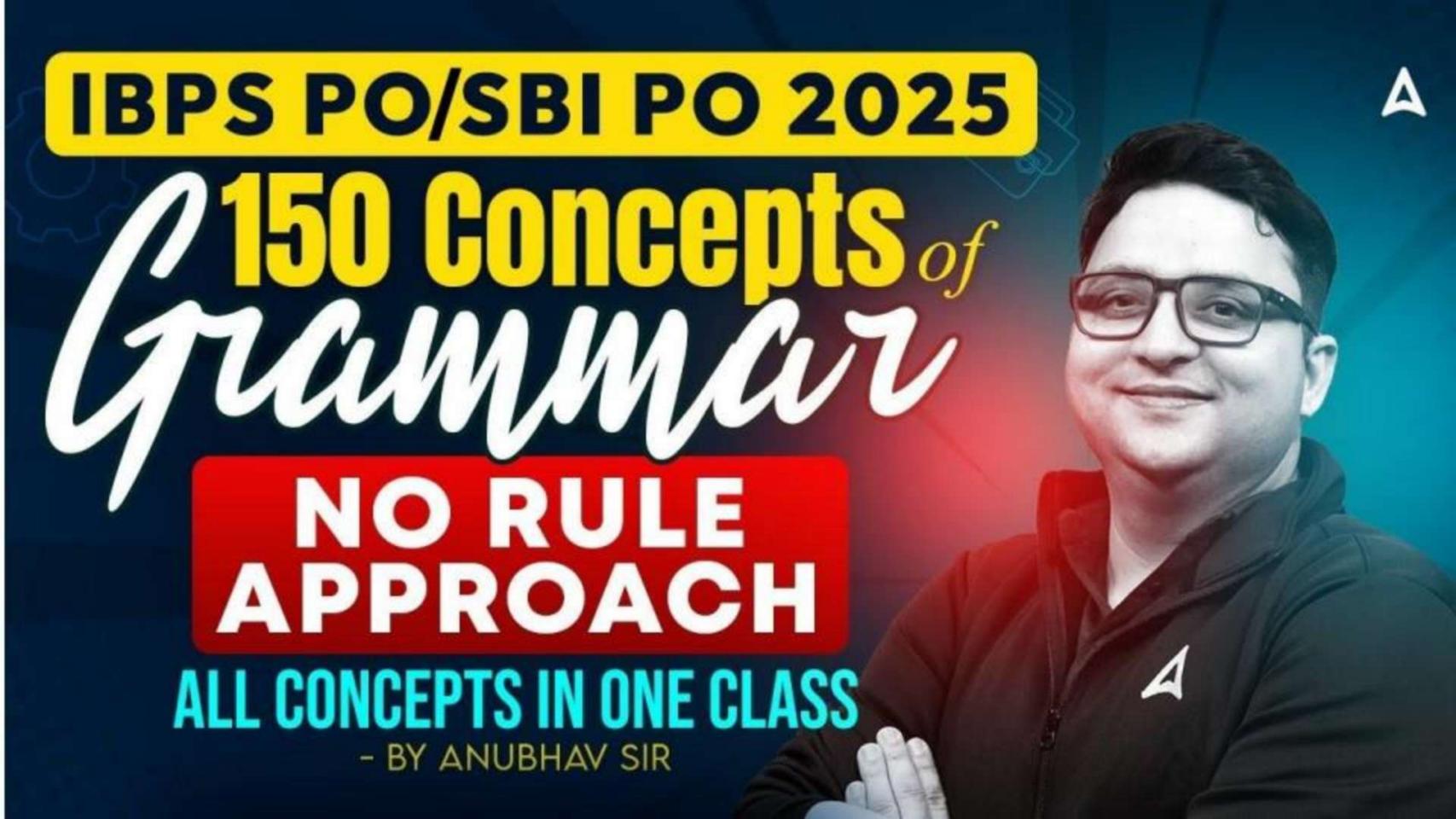
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