

Kasa kaayyy! Dosto, I present you the GST Pocket Book.

This book has been written with immense effort, research, and a deep commitment to your learning. I have created it with the objective of helping you revise effectively, especially in the last days before the exam.

Keeping in mind the vastness of the syllabus, this book is structured to provide a clear and concise understanding of GST, making your revision process smoother and more efficient.

Every page, every explanation, and every example in this book is designed to simplify the complexities of GST and ensure that you grasp the concepts quickly.

While every effort has been made to ensure accuracy, if you come across any errors or mistakes, please communicate them to us. They are purely unintentional, and your feedback will help us improve.

Let's crack Tax!♥

- Amit Bhaiya

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## BASICS - GST

## TAXES SUBSUMED UNDER GST

#### Central Taxes

## State taxes

## Excise duty

## • State surcharge & cess

- Service tax
- · Entertainment tax

· CVD

- Tax on lottery, betting and gambling
- Central Sales tax VAT/Sales tax
- Central surcharge Luxury tax

& cess

Tax on advertisements

#### DEFICIENCIES IN VAT

- Double taxation
- Set off of CENVAT & State VAT against the credit of one another was not possible as CENVAT was a central levy & State-level VAT was a State levy
- Several Local taxes in the states (Ex: Luxury tax, Entertainment tax) were not subsumed in State VAT
- Non-integration of VAT & Service Tax: VAT on goods was not integrated with tax on services, at the state level, to remove cascading effect on Service Tax
- When goods were manufactured & sold, both Excise duty (CENVAT) & State-level VAT were levied

## TAXES NOT SUBSUMED UNDER GST

- Basic custom duty
- ED/VAT/CST on alcoholic liquor for human consumption
- ED/VAT/CST on 5 petroleum products
- Stamp duty
- Property taxes
- · Tax on motor vehicles
- · Electricity duty

### BENEFITS OF GST

- ▶ Boost to 'Make in India' initiative
- Finhanced investment, export and employment
- Certainty in tax administration
- Ease of doing business
- Benefits to small traders and entrepreneurs.
- Automated procedures with greater use of IT.
- Reduction in compliance costs.
- registration in 1 state
- Small businesses can opt for composition scheme

## DIRECT TAXES AND INDIRECT TAX

- Can the burden of tax be shifted by taxpayer?
   No Yes
- Who makes the payment of taxes to the government?
   Himself Supplier
- Progressive or regressive
   Progressive Regressive

## GST COMPENSATION\_CESS

Applicability - Specified luxury items or demerit goods, like pan masala, tobacco, aerated waters, motor cars etc., computed on value of taxable supply.

Purpose - Compensation cess is leviable on intra-State supplies and inter- State supplies to provide for compensation to the States for the loss of revenue arising on account of implementation of the GST.

a State for a period of 5 years from the date on which the State brings its SGST Act into force.

## GST COUNCIL - ARTICLE 279A

The Union Finance Minister is the Chairman of this Council

- Union Minister of State in charge of Finance as a member
- The function of the Council is to make recommendations to the Union and the States on important issues like tax rates, exemptions, threshold limits, dispute resolution etc

### CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS

Article 265 - It states that "no tax shall be levied or collected except by authority of law"

Article 246 - It gives the respective authority to Union and State Governments for levying tax

Article 246A: Power to make laws with respect to GST

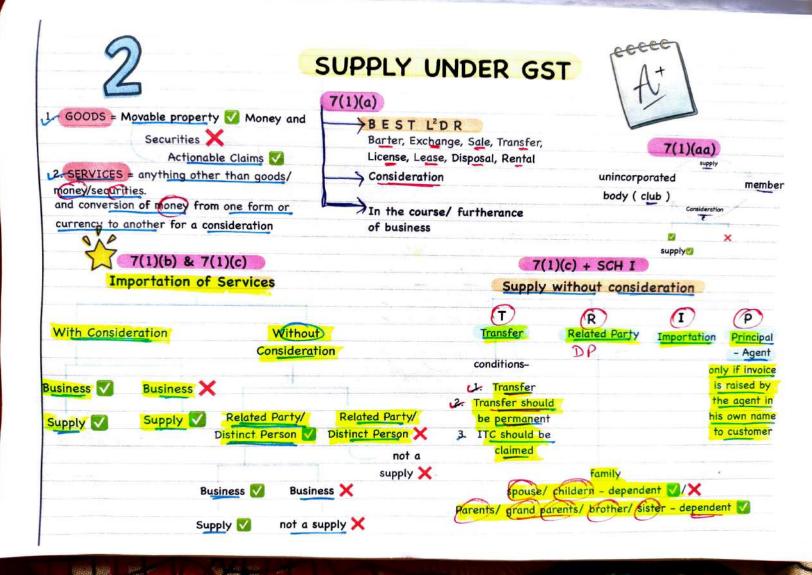
Intra state – parliament + state legislature has power to make laws

Inter state – Only parliament has power to make laws

#### GST APPLICABILITY

GST is levied on all goods and services, except alcoholic liquor for human consumption and petroleum, crude, diesel, petrol, ATF, and natural gas.

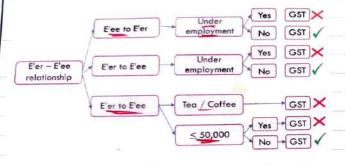
	Excise duty	VAT/GST	GST
Alcohol	Yes	Yes	No
Petroleum products	Yes ~	Yes ~	No
Tobacco and products	Yes -	No	(Yes)
Other goods	No	No	(Yes)



## DISTINCT PERSON ( SECTION 25 )

More than 1 registration - If obtained more than 1 registration, whether in 1 State or more - treated as DP. Taken Registration in 1 state, and has an office in another state - such establishments shall be treated as DP. Stock transfers / branch transfers - If the transfers are undertaken between 2 offices which are registered - Distinct persons Transfer between two units with SAME REGISTRATION - NOT considered as Distinct Persons

## EMPLOYER - EMPLOYEE RELATIONS



## SECTION 7(1A) + SCHEDULE II

(Listing only V

Imp. items below)

- Transfer of Title GOODS
- Temporary Transfer SERVICE
- Liquidation of assets transferred GOODS
- Non compete Agreement SERVICE
- · Works Contract SERVICE
- Intellectual property right SERVICE
- Transfer of business as good concern EXEMPT

## SECTION 7(2) + SCHEDULE III

NEGATIVE LIST

- 1. Employment Pre mature termination NO GST X - Non Compete fees GST V
- 2. Services by court / tribunal
- 3. Services by MP/MLA/ SPECIFIED PERSON
- Funeral / Burial / Crematorium / Mortuary
- 5 Sale of land NO GSTX

Sale of Building - Under Construction GST 🜠

- After Construction if part/entire consideration is received before the following date, GST 🌠 earlier of -
- First occupation or issuance of completion certificate
- Actionable Claims Lottery, gambling, betting, casinos, horse riding, online gaming.

## CLARIFICATIONS

- ↓ Grant of alcoholic liquor license NO GST
  ★
- 2. Inter State movement between two district persons NO GST on. conveyance/truck. ( rigs, tool, spares NO GST)
- 3. Display names or placing of name plates NO GST If aimed not to give any
- A. No supply of services by the insured to the insurance company in lieu of publicity
- No claim Bonus ' offered by said insurance company to him.

## COMPOSITE SUPPLY

## MIXED SUPPLY

#### Free samples - NO SUPPLY ITC NOT available on Inputs / InS / CG

#### It comprises

- Two or more taxable supplies of G/&S or any combination thereof
- Naturally bundled & supplied in conjunction with each other in ordinary course of business
- one of which is a principal supply
- Treated as supply of principal supply
- RATE Rate of principal supply

Buy 1 - Get 1 Free Treat it - supply of 2 goods. Taxability would be dependent upon composite / mixed suppl

constitute a composite supply ▶ Individual supplies are independent of each other & are not naturally bundled

- two or more individual supplies of G/&S, made in conjunction

with each other for a single price, where such supply does not

• Tax Treatment - attracts Highest Rate of Tax

Circulars	regarding principal supply
Printing of books, pamphlet	Supply of Services – Paper is ancillary supply
Printed envelop, cartons	Supply of goods - Printing is ancillary supply
Re-treading of tyres	Supply of service. Rubber is ancillary supply
Supply of re-treaded tyres	Supply of Goods

## Cancellation Charges

- naturally bundled
- Tax rate of original Supply applicable

## DEL-CREDERE AGENT ( DCA )

## OTHER CASES

NATURE	Taxability
→. Liquidated damages	NOT TAXABLE
2. Cheque dishonour	NOT TAXABLE
3. Forfeiture of earnest money in case of	NOT TAXABLE

breach of agreement to sell

It comprises

A. Penalty imposed for violation of laws 5-Late payment fees or Surcharge

. Fixed Capacity charges for Power

NOT TAXABLE

NOT TAXABLE

TAXABLE

DCA is an agent who guarantees payment to principal supplier. In order to guarantee timely payment to supplier, DCA can pay by shortterm transaction-based loans to buyer or paying supplier himself & recovering from buyer with interest later. This loan is to be repaid by buyer along with interest to DCA @ mutually agreed rate b/w DCA & buyer. Whether 'DCA' falls under the ambit of 'Agent' under SCH I

Particulars	Casel DCA is not an agent	Case2 DCA is an agent
ப்) invoice issues by	Supplier to buyer	DCA to buyer
ii) Clarification	Interest charged by DCA not	Value of interest for such credit
	would not firm part of value of	would be included in value of
	supply of goods supplied by the	supply of goods by DCA to
,	supplier	buyer



# CHARGE

Sec. 9(1)

On INTRA state supply except Alcohol for human consumption Rate not exceeding 20%

Value u/s 15 Taxable person

Sec. 9(2)

No levy of GST 'petroleum products' till recommended by GST council

Sec. 9(4)

Tax under RCM is payable on notified category of inward supplies of G/& S received from any

SERVICES

Situation Person liable to pay tax If ECO does not have a physical Person representing such ECO for any If ECO does not have a physical Person appointed by ECO in TT presence in TT & also he does not have a representative

Payment of GST by electronic

Sec. 9(5)

unregistered supplier by notified class of registered persons

Sec. 9(3)

Power of government ( on recommendation of GST council ) to specify categories of supply on which RCM shall apply

- 1. Generally Supplier is liable to pay GST
- 2. Under RCM, liability to pay GST is on recipient of Goods / Services
- 3. However, underlying principle of an indirect tax is that burden of such tax has to be ultimately passed on to the recipient.
- 4. GST being an indirect tax, this principle holds good for GST.
- 5. Therefore, under RCM, only the compliance requirements, [i.e. to obtain registration under GST, deposit the tax with the Government, filing returns, etc.] have been shifted from supplier to recipient

Notified Services are: 1 Transportation of passengers by a radio

commerce operator

- taxi, motor cab, Maxi cab & motor cycle
- 2. Hotel business (if hotel owner is unregistered)
- 3. House keeping services (if service provider is unregistered)
- Supply of restaurant services other than restaurants located at specific premises (hotels providing accommodation where declared tariff per unit per day is > 7500)

Transportation of passengers - OLA/ Uber - ECO

Omnibus Barring > 6 passengers supply

(OV)

Company - FCM

Other than Co. RCM

## RCM

GOODS Cashew nuts, Bidi wrapper leaves, tobacco leaves, Supply of Lottery; Silk yarn, used vehicles, Seized & confiscated goods, Old & used goods, Waste & scrap, Raw cotton.

Services notified under RCM

RECIPIENT ( liable to

		Services notific	ed under RCM	SUPPLIER (BY)	RECIPIENT ( liable
OF OF	SUPPLIER (BY)	RECIPIENT ( liable to	NATURE OF SERVICE		pay GST)
NATURE OF		pay GST)	A COLOR OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Any person	Any registered
SERVICE  J.Goods Transport  Agency (GTA)	GTA playing 5% CGST	<ul><li>a) factory</li><li>b) society</li><li>c) Cooperative society</li></ul>	way of renting of residential dwelling		person
GTA	Not specified	d) any body corporate excluding registered corporative Society	5.B. Services of transfer of developmental	Any person	Promoter
specified per		e) partnership firm	rights		
FCM 12% ITC 🗸	RCM (5%)	f) Casual taxable person g) Registered person under GST	C. Long-term lease of land against consideration in	Any person	Promoter
5% ITCX		And the control of the Party of Control of the Cont	upfront amount.		
2.Legal Services	Individual advocate	Business entity	ирпол чло		
3-Services by arbitral tribunal.	Arbitral tribunal	Business entity	Services supplied by a director.	Director	Company, or body corporate
Sponsorship	Any person	Body, corporate or	7. Services	Insurance agent	Insurance company
		partnership firm	supplied by		
₩. A. Services	CG, SG, UT or	any registered	insurance agent.		
supplied by CG,	LA	person under	8. Services	Recovery agent	Banking company or
SG, UT or LA by way of renting of	<u></u>	GST	supplied by		financial institution or
immovable			recovery agent.		NBFC
property and			2. Supply of services	members of	
other than TAP			by members of	overseeing	RBI
(refer master chart of exemption )			RBT overseeing committee.	committee	

NATURE OF SERVICE	SUPPLIER	RECIPIENT							
DO. Transfer/use of copyright relating to original artistic works	Author, music, composer, photographer, artist etc.	Publisher, Music Company, producer etc.	<ul> <li>I) Author is required to take registration</li> <li>II) Author is required to intimate the jurisd</li> </ul>						
by Individual Direct Selling Agents (DSA)	DSA other than BC, partnership or LLP	Banking or NBFC III) Author shall opt for FCM for 1				Banking or NBFC III) Author shall opt for FCM for 1 year (He		III) Author shall opt for FCM for 1 year (He shall conti	
provided by business facilitator to banking company	Business facilitator	Banking company	JV) Author shall i raised on the pub	ntimate about opting f lisher.	or FCM in the invoice				
provided by agent of business correspondent	Agent of business correspondent	Bus <u>ine</u> ss correspondent	SE	SITION SCHEN	ME				
14. Security services	any person other than BC	any registered person	Manufacturer	Restaurant 5%	Trader				
Renting of motor vehicles designed to	any person	any body corporate	(taxable + exempt)  Applicability -	(taxable + exempt)	(taxable supply)				
carry passengers			In PY, Aggregate T	O does not exceed 1.	5 Cr. / 75 lakhs (SCS)				
16. Lending of	Lender	Borrower							
securities.			In CY, he can opt to	o pay tax under compo	sition scheme upto				
17. Renting of residential dwelling.	Any person	Registered person	1.5 Cr./75L  Beyond that he shall start paying tax as per norma (within 7 days file intimation for withdrawal)		er normal scheme.				

# Females Composition -> PAM BOLLE Branch Wish X

## Aggregate T/O - PREVIOUS YEAR - For eligibility purpose

Lin.	Taxable Supply	Exempt supply or NIL rated supply	of goods / services	Inter state supply	- Deposit - Advance - Loan	TOTAL
Mnfg	1	V	~	~	×	This
Supplier or Dealer	~	~	~	*	×	should be ≤ 1.5 Cr / 75L/s (Of ALL
Restaurant services	4	V	~	~	×	
Sec 10(2A)		~	~	,	*	offices together regd under 1

## Aggregate T/O - CURRENT YEAR - For payment of TAXES

	Taxable Supply	Exempt supply or NIL rated supply	Export of goods / services	Inter state supply	Interest on - Deposit - Advance - Loan	TOTAL
Mnfg	4	1	×	×	×	XX * 1%
Supplier or Dealer	V	×	×	×	×	XX * 1%
Restaurant	1	1	×	×	×	XX * 5%
Sec 10(2A)	0	<b>②</b>	*	×	×	XX 6%

- Payment quarterly (CMP 08) 18th of month following qtr.
- Returns Annually (GSTR 4)30th April of next FY

## SECTION 10(2)

- Supply of service other than restaurant should not exceed:

  10% x T/o in PY or 5L, whichever is higher
- Should not supply goods & service that are not leviable to tax (ie. liquor for human consumption, 5 Petroleum Products)
- not engaged in inter-state outward supplies of goods/service
- not engaged in goods/service supplied through ECO
  - Should not be a manufacturer of notified goods ie. ice cream and other edible ice, Pan masala, Tobacco, aerated water, fly ash, bricks, fly ash blocks, bricks of fossil meals or similar siliceous earths, building, bricks, earthen or roofing tiles

## CONDITIONS

- NRTP & CTP Cannot opt for Composition Scheme
- if a RP has more than one branch then all branches shall opt for composition scheme. Pan wise v Branchwill X
- Cannot collect tax (ie. he issues Bill of Supply) & not entitled to
- Mention the words "composition taxable person, not eligible to collect tax on supplies" at top of bill of supply a "composition taxable person" on every sign board at prominent place of business

SECTION 10(2A)

50L = 6 %

## Applicability

In PY, If Aggregate T/o does not exceed 50 lakhs.

In CY can opt composition scheme upto Rs. 50 lakes on first supplies of goods/ services beyond that tax shall be payable as per normal scheme.

Rate = 6% x (Taxable + Exempt)

#### Important Point

Original law - supply of goods; supply of services - Eco ( Can not opt for the composition scheme )

Now, supply of

Goods through Eco Can opt for composition scheme condition

Service through Eco No composition scheme

For the supplier of goods who wants to opt for composition scheme needs to fulfill the following conditions

- (1) ECO shall not allow inter state supply
- 2) ECO shall collect & pay the TCS
- 3) ECO shall furnish the details in form GSTR-8
- 4) ECO shall make necessary checks and variations on their system/platform

## PLACE OF SUPPLY

On board

goods

Location where

such goods are

loaded



Movement

Place of

termination of deliver Supplier

Bill to

ship to

Location of person

who is giving a

direction

INDIA

Section 10

Place of supply

Non

Movement

Location of goods

at the time of

delivery

Either SP or SR is located outside India.

Recipients

INDIA

Supply

involving

assembling

Place of assembling

Section 12

Section 12(2) GENERAL PR RP V

address?

Roceifent

Section 12(3)

a) Service on immovable property engineering

interior decoration

architect

surveyor

site-coordination

b) Rent for accommodation Hotel

campsite

quest house

house boat

c) Rent for functions

Marriage

Ring ceremony

official/social/cultural/

religious functions

o/s india

Location of immovable property

india

In cases where the delivery address differs from the billing address, the place of supply of goods will be the address of the delivery recorded on the invoice.

Section 11

Export - O/S India - NO GST

2. Import – In India – GST 🚺 (RCM)

Section 12(4) RCB FHG Restaurant

Catering Services Beauty treatment Services Fitness services

Personal grooming Health services including cosmetic and plastic surgery

Training and appraisal services

If URP — Location where training service

Section 12(5)

is given.

5. Insurance

Section 12(6)

If RP — His Location

3. Transportation of goods

4. Transportation of passengers

Y- Section 12(7)

Organising event service If RP - Location of such RP

If URP - Place where event is held

If event is held o/s india — location of SR

12(7) includes sponsorship services as well.

Section 12(11)

Services of telecommunications

1 Installation - Place of installation

12. Post paid - Billing address

3. Pre paid - Place where voucher is sold.

4. Prepaid voucher sold over app/ internet - Billing address.

Section 12(8)

Section 12(9)

Transportation of goods

POS 1. If RP - his location

2. If URP - Location where goods are handed over to the transporter for delivery. Section 12(12)

Banking, Broking Service

POS - Location of SR, if not available, Location of SP

\* Section 12(13)

Transportation of passengers

In the below 5 cases, preference given to RP Training and appraisal service I. Single ticket II. Pass 2. Event organising services

Location

service is

where

given

If RP - His location If URP - place

If RP - His location If URP - address of

recipient, if

In Case of return journey ticket, two ways always considered separately.

unavailable address of embarkation of supplier.

Section 12(10)

Service supplied on board a conveyance POS - First scheduled point of departure Insurance Service

POS - If RP - His location If URP - Location of SR

Section 12(14)

Advertisement

According to type of advertisement and the various factors which determines the proportionate value of service attributable to the dissemination in each State / Union territory. ( refer rapider for detailed chart ) CG/SG

POS - Location where event is held/ amusement park is situated. V

EVENT related - cultural, artistic,

sporting, entertainment, amusement park

4.2

## EXEMPTIONS

SERVICES BY GOVT.

Transportation of GOODS/PASSENGERS





Other than TAP Govt. Others

>10L/20L/40L

**GST**X

GST V If >5000 RCM

Provided to ANY (LA, Govt, BE) **GST** 

Provided to ANY (LA, Govt, BE)

**GST** 

 Post card Inland letter Book post

Ordinary post

To any (LA, Govt, BE)

Other

Renting of immovable property

OTHER POINTS

To any **GST**  GST V

< 5000 >5000 **GST**X GST V

Value

**FCM** 

· Old age home consideration run by CG/SG

> 60 years upto Rs.25,000 per month per member inclusive of

charges for boarding, lodging and maintenance.

Resident aged

· Service by the way of Issuing Passport, visa, birth/death, certificate, driving licence EXEMP

 Govt. providing Testing, calibration, safety check or certification relating

URP RP RCM

Serice By ministry of Railway - Tor of Finto safety of workers or consumers

- Services provided by govt. by way of tolerating nonperformance of a contract for which consideration in form of fines or damages is payable to the government.
- Services by govt. by deputing officer after office hours or on holidays for inspection or containers, stuffing for import export cargo on payment of merchant overtime charges.
- Services supplied by SG to ERCC, by way of assigning right to collect royalty on behalf of SG on minerals dispatched by mining leaseholders.
- Services provided by recognised rehabilitation professionals by way of rehabilitation therapy, counselling or medical establishments, established by govt.

#### SERVICES TO GOVT.

- Service provided by Fair Price Shops to govt. by way of sale of food grains, kerosene, sugar, edible oil, etc. under Public Distribution
   System against consideration in the form of commission or margin.
- To government, under any training programme where 75% or more all expenditure is borne by government.
- To Government under any insurance scheme for which total premium is paid by government
- Pure services provided to government by way of any activity in relation to any function, interested to a Panchayat or municipality.
- Composite supply of goods and services in which value of goods is more than 25% of total value provided to government by way of any activity in relation to Panchayat or municipality.

### ADMISSION TO ENTERTAINMENT EVENTS

Museum

Tiger Reserve

(a) circus, dance, or theatrical performance.

b) award function, concert, musical National Park
performance.
Wildlife

c) recognised sporting event

d) planetarium

Consideration upto ₹500 = EXEMPT EXEMPT

Protected monument under Monuments & Archaeological Sites & Remains Act 1958

Remains Act, 1958

#### PERFORMANCE BY AN ARTIST

In folk classical art forms of music/dance/ theatre.

if consideration charge more than ₹1,50,000

Note activities by an artist in any other art form GST applicable service provided by an artist as brand

ambassador GST applicable

### CHARITABLE / RELIGIOUS TRUST

Entity should be registered u/s 12AA,IT

Care or counselling
(I) terminally ill
persons or persons
with severe physical
or mental disability;
(II) persons afflicted
with HIV or AIDS;

(III) persons addicted

to a dependence-

of preventive health family planning prevention of HIV infection

Public awareness

Religion yoga spirituality

De

Education or skill Development Preservation of Environment

(i) abandoned, orphaned or homeless children;

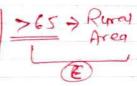
(ii) physically or mentally abused and traumatised

(iii) prisoners; or

(iv) persons over the age of 65 years residing in

rural area - Exempt

urban area – Taxable



forming substance

1. Charitable trust U/s 12AA providing Advertisement service = taxable

2. • KMVN, an uttarakhand Govt unit organizing tour of Kailash mansarovar

Haj Committee organising Haj (EXEMPT)

3. In case of Residential programmes - Religion, yoga, Spirituality EXEMPT

4. Activities such as Fitness Camps, Classes in Aerobics, dance, music = Taxable

5. Service provided to charitable Trust u/s 12AA/AB = Taxable

Renting or precincts of religious place where the

Charitable/Religious Trust

Renting of Room
Renting of Shop
Renting of Community
halls

₹999/day

₹9,999/month

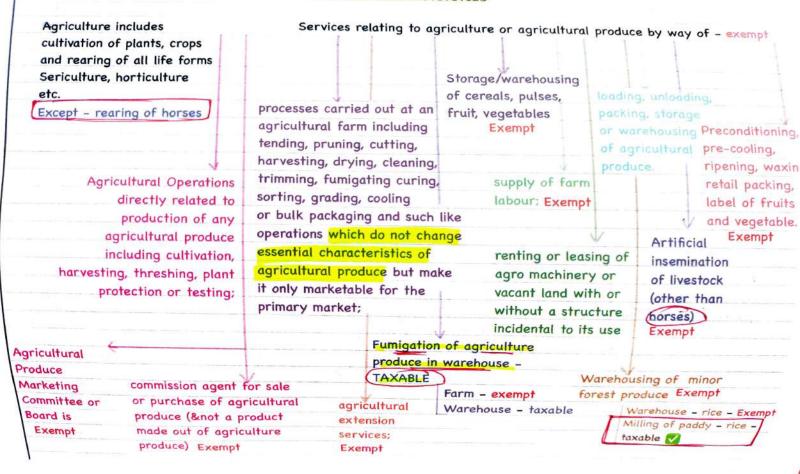
₹9,999/day

 Conduct of religious ceremonies like birth, marriage, death rituals
 EXEMPT

## PENSION SCHEME

- Services by way of collection of contribution under Atal Pension Yolana.
- Services by way of collection under any pension scheme of SG.

## AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES





What is education institution?

CATEGORY I - pre school education & education upto 12th



CATEGORY II - other qualification recognised by law in India



CATEGORY III - Industrial training Institute, ITC, Modular employable skill course (affiliated to national Council or state Council for vocational training)



CATEGORY IV - IIM



Faculty

1. CATEGORY I, II, III, IV



Staff

Educational institution



**EXEMPT** 

2. CATEGORY I, II, III, IV - ENTRANCE EXAM

Any educational institution

EXEMPT



Exam fee

3. Transport service given to the Schools

CATEGORY I.







Stuff

ii) Catering





Sponsored by govt.

**EXEMPT** 

iii) Security + Cleaning





## iv) CATEGORY I, II, III, IV



**EXEMPT** 



## Exam related services

v) ONLINE JOURNALS OR PERIODICALS Institutions I,III X
( applicable only to college )



Exempt 🗸

Duration more than 1 year - long duration course

Short duration course - GST



Fees for recruitment service in campus GST



Education + accommodation + food naturally bundled composite supply Exempt ( treated as education )

#### . DUAL COURSE

Recognised by law Situation 1 ₹50,000 GST

Not Recognised by law

₹30,000 GST

Situation 2

₹80,000 - Artificially bundled Mixed supply,

Tax on 80,000, highest rate ✓

MESS SERVICE

Owned by college/ hostel Exempt Outsourced to 3rd party - GST if to school Exempt

## SERVICE OF GIVING VEHICLES ON HIRE



Transport of passengers

Seating Capacity > 12 GST

State Transport Undertaking

GTA - transport of goods GSTX



Students, (Not college)

provider 🚝 faculty, staff

(Pick & drop)



Capacity > 12

## HEALTH/ CLINICAL REALED SERVICES



Authorised medical Clinical practitioner + paramedics establishment Excludes hair

Includes Means - diagnosis or transportation of treatment or care for illness, injury, abnormality the patient

or pregnancy or yoga/ allopathy/ homeopathy.

Healthcare service ( renting of room service )

Upto ₹5,000 exempt

ICU/ ICCU/ CCU/ NICU - exempt Display of ADS, Renting of shops = taxable

changes - exempt

 Foods supplied to i) In patients – composite supply – exempt ii) others - taxable

₹7500 Senior Doctor

Consultancy

transplant or

surgery

cosmetic/ plastic

Clinic EXEMPT

Bio medical operators providing waste management facility to clinical establishment taxable

bank )taxable

Preservation of stem cells ( cord blood

services provided by pathological labs = exempt

Veterinary

IVF = exempt

Palliative care of terminally ill patients = exempt

More than ₹5,000

Other rooms - taxable

₹10,000



Exempt

## CONSTRUCTION SERVICE





No GSTX



Builders

Material provided by govt. builder provided ONLY PURE LABOUR

Construction and related services by way of pure labour contracts of original works pertaining to single resident unit and not residential complex.

Supply of TDR, FSI, long term lease (premium) of land by a landowner to a developer.

Repairs of single residential unit - TAXABLE

Condition for Exemption

Constructed flats are sold before earlier of:

- (i) issuance of completion certificate or
- (ii) first occupation of project, & tax is paid on them.

Withdrawal of Exemption If flats are sold after issue of completion certificate. Such withdrawal shall be limited to 1% of value (in case of affordable houses) & 5% of value (in case of other houses).



## SPONSORSHIP SERVICES

Services by sponsorship of sporting events organised by:

- a) National Sports federation/its affiliated federations/ its affiliated federations
- b) Association of Indian Universities, Inter Universities Sports Board, School games federation of India.
- c) All India sports council deaf, Paralympic Committee or Special Olympics Bharat
- d) Panchayat Yuva kreeda aur khel abhiyaan scheme.

#### TRANSPORTATION OF PASSENGERS

#### ROADWAYS

Radio taxi - taxable

Others - exempt

Bus

## ATRWAYS

To/From North East

- Economy class = exempt
- Business class = taxable
- Any other case = taxable

### WATERWAYS

Inland waterways

Exempt

Tramway

Monorail

Exempt

Metro rail

Contract carriage

Stage carriage

A/c = Taxable

A/c = Taxable

Non A/C = Exempt Non A/C = Exempt

(Taxable in case such Services

are supplied through ECO)

For the purpose of hire, tourism. Not for the purpose of hire, tourism,

charter = exempt charter = taxable

Local Train

Second class = exempt

RAILWAYS

First class = taxable

Outstation Train

AC = taxable

Non Ac = exempt

Public transport not predominantly used for the purpose of tourism Exempt

Cruise - taxable



## TRANSPORTATION OF GOODS

### ROADWAYS

= Taxable

GTA, Courier Agency

Others = Exempt

RAILWAYS

Taxable

Inland waterways Exempt

WATERWAYS

AIRWAYS

Others = taxable

Goods sent from place outside India to customs stations in India Exempt

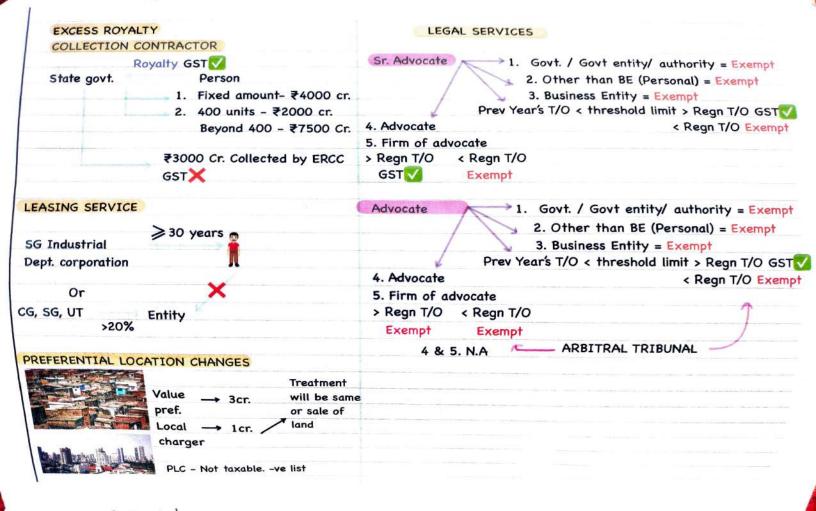


Others = taxable

Transportation of the following goods by rail/vessel/GTA = Exempt

- Agricultural produce
- Milk, salt and food grain
- Chemical fertilisers, oil cakes and organic manure
- Newspaper
- Relief materials
- Defence/military equipment

## Any govt. Grants national permit to operate throughout India to GTA = EXEMPT



#### MISCELL ANEOUS

- 1. Transfer of a going concern (running business), as a whole or independent part thereof.
- 2. Supply of services associated with transit cargo to Nepal & Bhutan (landlocked countries).
- 3. Services by way of Renting of residential dwelling for use as residence.
- 4. Even if hotel charge < 1,000 it is taxable no exemption
- 5. Services by way of giving on hire (IMP)
  - · Motor vehicle (carrying > 12 passengers) to state transport undertaking only
  - To the local authority, an Electrically Operated Vehicle meant to carry >12 passengers
  - Means of transportation of Goods to GTA.
  - Motor vehicle for transport of Student, Staff and Faculty to a person providing transportation services to schools.
- 6. Access to a road or a bridge on payment of toll charges. Additional toll charges from NON FASTAG vehicles EXEMPT
- 7. Service by way of access to a road or a bridge on payment of annuity.
- 8. Transmission/ distribution of electricity by an electricity transmission/ distribution utility; GST applicable
  - Application fee for releasing connection of electricity; Rental
  - · Charges against metering equipment;
  - Testing fee for meters/transformers, capacitors etc.;
  - Labour charges from customers for shifting of meter or service line;
  - · Charges for duplicate bill

recognised by NSTEDB.

- 9. Services provided by incubatee upto total turnover of Rs. 50 lacs in a FY subject to:
  - Total turnover during preceding FY ≤ Rs. 50 lacs &
- 3 years has not elapsed from the date of entering into an agreement as an incubatee Incubatee: means an entrepreneur located in Technology Business Incubator (TBI)/ Science & Technology Entrepreneurship Park (STEP)
- 10. Taxable services, provided by TBI/STEP or bio-incubators,
- 11. Licensing, registration & analysis or testing of Food Samples.
- 12. Services by way of Collecting or Providing News by an independent journalist, PTI or UNI

- 13. Services by way of providing information under the RTI Act
- 14. Services of Public Libraries by way of lending of books, publications.
- 15. Services by organiser to any person in respect of a business exhibition held outside India.
- 16. Services by a foreign diplomatic mission located in India. ?
- 17. Satellite launch services provided by Isro
- 18. services provided to Govt water supply, public health., sanitation Conservancy, Solid waste management, slum improvement & upgradation.

Tour Operator Service		
		<ul> <li>Who is a foreign tourist ???</li> </ul>
Performed Partly TO	Foreign Tourist	
in India & partly		Person not normally resident in India.
o/s India.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	To the extent of service	Enters India for a stay ≤ 6 months
<ol> <li>Proportion of total capital,</li> </ol>	performed o/s India	
equal to the number of days		*Things to consider while computing service performed o/s India
service performed o/s India.		> 12 hours shall be considered -1 day
2. Or 50% of total consideration		< 12 hours -half day
for the entire tour.		C 12 hours



## TIME OF SUPPLY



## GOODS

**FCM** Date of Invoice

Receipt of goods

RCM

Last date of issuing invoice

Date of Payment

whichever is earlier

1. Movement - removal of goods for supply to recipient

1 31st day from the date of

issue of invoice by supplier

2. Non Movement - Delivery

3. Continuous - Before or at the time of

Each statement or, Receipt of Payment

whichever is earlier

4. Goods sent on approval basis - At the time of supply (When buyer gives his assent); OR 6 months from the date of removal

• Gift voucher - supply is identifiable at the time of issue of voucher

Date of issue

Date of Redemption V



- In case of Int/Penalty as and when recorded
- What if we are unable to identify the TOS under FCM? TOS- Date of entry in BOA of the recipient

LIKED RAJU PANDYA WHEN HE WAS 31

## SERVICES



## FCM

Whether invoice issues within time?

YES

NO

Issue of Invoice

Payment of Payment

S Provision of Service

Receipt of Payment

whichever is earlier

Non Associated Enterprises

Date of Payment
61st day from the
date of invoice

Associated Enterprises

P Date of Payment

E Date of Entry in the

BOA of the recipient

Continuous Supply

whichever is earlier

## Non Continuous Supply

Normal case
< 30 DAYS from
provision of service

Banks/Insurance/NBFC
< 45DAYS from provision
of service

due date of payment is ascertainable ON or before DUE

DATE OF PAYMENT

due date of payment is

NON ascertainable
before or at the time
of receipt of payment

payment is linked to completion of events ON or before

completion of that

event

# I Proposed Shaki Pandya when Pandya was 61 in

Pakistan England match

## VALUE OF SUPPLY



## Section 15(1)

Transaction Value

Conditions:-

1. Recipient is not related

2. Price is the sole consideration

(not forming part of

refundable

consideration)

**GST** 

Section 15(2) inclusions

Taxes/duties, except

GST and TCS

Amount liable to be paid by supplier non refundable has been incurred

by recipient on consideration) behalf of supplier **GST** 

(part of

Interest, late fee, penalty for delayed

payment of any

consideration.

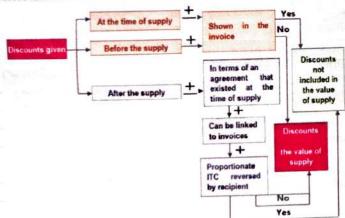
Subsidy should be directly linked to the price

Received from CG/ SG	Not added to th	e value of supply
Received from others	Directly Linked to price of supply	Added to value
	Not Linked to	Not added

Incidental expenses

## Section 15(3)

exclusions



supplier pays

recipient pays (ex-factory)

Composite Supply

Not included in VOS

Principal Supply = goods

include in VOS

 Discounts, including buy more save more offers, supplier offers staggered discount to his customers. Such discounts are excluded to determine the value of supply.



## INPUT TAX CREDIT

SECTION 16(1) - RP can avail ITC on Inputs, capital goods, inputs service used in the course of busines SECTION 16(2) CONDITIONS FOR AVAILING ITC

Recipient should possess:

- invoicedebit note
- Bill of entry
- Invoice prepared in respect of RCM
- ISD invoice

Registered person Suppli

taking the ITC must

have received the goods/services

Also read Rule 37A

Supplier should have actually paid the tax charge on goods or services for

which ITC is being taken.

taxpayer should file
GSTR 3B to avail ITC on
eligible inverse supplies.

In case of bill to ship to model, the goods are delivered to a third party on direction of the of the customer who purchases the

goods from the supplier

In case goods received in

lots, ITC only in the receipt of last instalment.

SECTION 16(3)

RP has claimed dep. on tax component
of cost of Capital goods = No ITC

Input GST is capitalised = No ITC

Input GST is not capitalised = ITC = 💟

Recipient should make a payment within 180 days from the date invoice. If he fails to pay, whatever ITC availed by the recipient woo

except in case of RCM supplies, deemed supply without consideration and Where additions are made to supplier's liability u/s 15(2)(8)

SECTION 16(4) TIME LIMIT FOR AVAILING ITC

30th November following the FY in which invoice/ debit note pertains



Actual date of filing annual return for relevant FY
Whichever is earlier

#### SECTION 17

The services or both are used by RP, partly for purpose of business and partly for other purposes, the amount of credit shall be restricted to so much of the input tax as it is attributed to the purpose of his business.

Inward supply

GST 🜠



Business (60%) ITC

Non Business (40%) ITCX

Where the good or services are used by RP, partly for effecting taxable supplies, including including zero supplies, and partly for affecting exempt supplies. The amount of credit shall be restricted to so much of the input tax as it is attributed to the said taxable supplies.

Taxable (60%)

ITC

Inward supply





.....

Exempt (40%) ITCX

A banking company or a financial institution, including NBFC, supplying services by way of accepting deposits, extending loans, or advances shall have the option to either comply with provisions of subsection (2) or avail of, every month, an amount equal to 50% of the eligible input tax credit on inputs, capital goods, and input services in that month; this option once exercise shall not be withdrawn during the remaining part of the financial year; provided further that the restriction of 50% shall not apply to the tax paid and supplies made by one registered person to another registered person having same pan. (ONLY FOR CMA)

SECTION 17(5) BLOCKED CREDIT

1. MOTOR VEHICLES Transportation of passengers

Seating capacity upto 13 persons (including Driver)



Seating capacity more (ITC)
than 13 persons

ITC Allowed  $\checkmark$ :- Further supply of motor vehicles, Transportation of passengers, Imparting motor vehicle skills & transportation of goods.

## 2. VESSELS AND AIRCRAFTS

other than specified ITC X

of its CEO is blocked

ITC on aircraft, purchased by an aviation school, providing training is allowed

ITC W

Vessels and aircraft when used for making following taxable supplies,

I further the supply of such special vessels or aircraft (sale)

2. transportation of passengers

3. imparting training on navigating/flying such vessels/aircraft.

4 transportation of goods

3. INSURANCE, SERVICING, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE

other than specified

ITC 🔽

person who can avail ITC of Motor vehicles, vessels and aircraft (further supply, taxi business, driving school)

2. supply of general insurance services

3. manufacturer of motor vehicles, vessels, aircrafts.

4. MEMBERSHIP OF CLUB, HEALTH & FITNESS CENTRE.

ITC X

Membership of club, health and fitness Centre

5. TRAVEL BENEFITS

ITC X Travel benefits extended to employees on vacation

ITC 🗸

such services are provided by employer to employs under statutory obligation

ITC 🗸

when such services are provided by employer to employees under statutory obligation

ITCX Such goods and services when used by RP for making an output Food, beverages, catering, cosmetic 11 tax bill, supply of the same category of goods and services or surgery, health services, life, insurance as an element of a taxable composite or mix supply and health insurance, leasing, renting or hiring of motor vehicle/vessel/aircraft When such goods and services are provided by employer to its on which ITC is blocked 12 employees under a statutory obligation. OTHER POINTS ITC blocked when goods or services U. Used for personal consumption 2-stolen, destroyed, disposed by way of gift or free sample 3. Purchase from a composite taxpayer ITC on goods imported by NRTP is allowed but ITC on services imported by him is blocked. WORKS CONTRACT movable property immovable property ITCV ITC allowed when It is an input service for further supplier works contract service plant and machinery other than P&M When the value of work contract service is not capitalised. In this case ITC ITCX ITC is allowed to all recipients irrespective of their line of busines Capital goods 1) Telecom tower is not considered as P/M Repairs- other than P/M (2) Works Contract for making a cement foundation to play a Capitalise X P/L Dr side - ITCV Capitalise - CG - Works contract restriction machinery - P/M

6. UTHERS

### SELF CONSTRUCTION

- ITC is blocked in case of self construction goods/services received by taxable person for construction of immovable property, other than plant and machinery on his account, including when such G/&S are used in course of business.
- ITC is available when the construction is not on account or is of P & M.



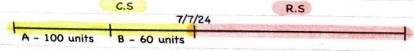
## ORDER OF REVERSAL

- ITC of IGST shall first be utilised towards payment of IGST & amount remaining (if any) may be utilised towards the payment of CGST & SGST in that order.
- 2. ITC of CGST shall first be utilised towards payment of CGST & amount remaining (if any) may be utilised towards the payment of IGST;
- 3\_ITC of SGST / UTGST shall first be utilised towards payment of SGST / UTGST & amount remaining (if any) may be utilised towards payment of IGST;
- Note: ITC of SGST shall be utilised towards payment of IGST only where the balance of ITC of CGST is not available for payment of IGST;
- 4. CGST shall not be utilised towards payment of SGST or UTGST &
- 5. SGST or UTGST shall not be utilised towards payment of CGST.

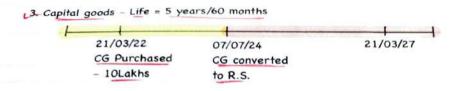
#### Section 18

Part I - Zero to Hero

(a) Composition Scheme - Regular

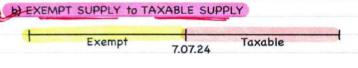


1. Inputs in stock as in 1 day prior to conversion -  $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$  - only on the invoices raised during 1 year prior to conversion 2. Input service - presumption - input services utilised on the same day, I will never get ITC

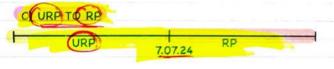


First identify number of quarters between 21/03/22 till 7/7/24, each quarter worth 5% In above case 11 quarters ineligible, total percentage ineligibility = 55% (11x5%)

Total ITC. 10,00,000 (-) Ineligible ITC. (5,50,000) Eligible ITC. 4,50,000



Inputs, Input services, Cap Goods - SAME



Inputs in stock (7); Input Services X: Capital Goods X

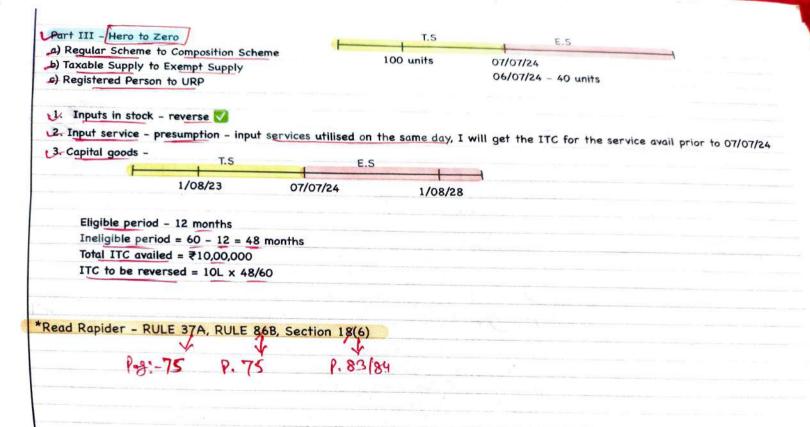
- Declaration in form ITC01 < 30 days from receipt of registration certificate.
- If value of ITC > 2,00,000 certification from CA/CMA.

Part II - Change in constitution due to sale/merger/amalgamation etc

- 1. Transferor has to file GST ITC 02
- 2-Transferor to file the request to transfer the credit
- 13. Transferee to accept the details on common portal
  14. Also, submit declaration certificate by CA/CMA

- In case of <u>free samples and gifts</u>, <u>ITC not allowed</u> if ITC is availed, it will be considered as deemed Supply
- products by paying GST and offer them to sale as buy get 1, we will get ITC for both the products because per the provisions, it is assumed that both the product are provided/sold for a single price and that both will

be considered at taxable supply.



# Not liable to register 1. Engaged in non-taxable or exempt Supply

- 2. Agriculturist (Supply of produce out of land)
- 3. Person making RCM supplies
- Casual taxable person has to register without any threshold limit.

Exception - If supplier handicraft goods, no registration required if turnover <20/10L

# REGISTRATION



	other states			
	20 LAKHS			
M - Mizoram	S - Sikkim	Exclusively	G+/S	
M - Manipur	A - Arunachal Prad	esh goods	(Inter + Intra = 20	
I – Tripura	M - Meghalaya			
N - Nagaland	P - Puducherry			
	U - Uttarakhand	Handicraft goods	Other goods	
	I - Telangana			

Intra

40 L	20 L	40 L	No Limit
		_	Compulsory
			registration

Intra

Inter

# Notified Goods

Masala/tobacco/ice cream/edible ice/fly ash bricks/fly ash blocks Even if exclusive supply of these goods; Limit <20/10L

 Principal - Agent If agent provides Supply on behalf of principal include it in agent's turnover, as well as principal's turnover

WHAT IS AGGREGATE T/O ?

XX Taxable supply. XX **Exempt Supply** XX Interstate Supply XX Export supply Receiving Supply under RCM exclude OIDAR GST charge from customer exclude

Compulsory Registration

Person registered under any existing law

Inter

- Transfer of business
- Amalgamation/demerger
- Person, availing RCM Supply
- Casual taxable person
- WRTP
- · ECO
- . ISD
- O/S India supplier of online gaming)

# PROCEDURE FOR REGISTRATION

PART 1

Person becomes liable for registration

within 30 days = date of becoming liable to register

Person applies after 30 days = date of grant of certificate

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REGISTRATION

1. Mandatory Registration

Application is made < 30 days from the date of crossing the threshold.

Effective from the date

on which registration

certificate is granted

Declare PAN, Mobile, State in PART A - FORM GST REG 01

After verification, TRN is generated, use TRN

to fill PART B - FORM GST REG 01

Application shall be forwarded to PO for verification

Satisfied Not satisfied

<7 working days

2. Voluntary Registration

Effective from - Registration Certificate granted 🗸

Certificate to be granted in REG 06

If more than 1 office in 1 state - Registration certificate will mention about those office.

RULE 10 A

Registration Certificate

Notice + Clarification

Received < 7 days

Not received < 7 working days

Satisfied Not satisfied

Reject application🗙

Part B requires us to file bank details 🗸

Registration effective

from the date on which

threshold was crossed.

Relaxation – Bank Details can be filed within 30 days from grant of RC or due date of furnishing return (earlier)

Relaxation NOT APPLICABLE - TDS deductor

- TCS Collector

- Suo Moto Registration

< 7 working days</p>
GRANT REGISTRATION

Inform

#### Registration for CTP/NRTP

- Mandatory
- · Apply at least 5 days prior to start of business.
- Max. License period 90 days or any period mentioned in license (earlier)
- Payment in advance on estimation
- Extension possible, if yes, max 90 days with prior approval.

#### For CTP

- Normal Registration Process
- **☞** REG 01
- PAN required (PAN based)

#### For NRTP

- In case of business entity estimated outside INDIA. Application + tax identification No. or any unique No. given by Govt. or PAN.
- NRTP can make an application with self attested copy of valid passport.
- Application needs to be e-verified by his authorised signature who is an Indian registered having valid PAN

#### Application in the registration

Core field Approval required

Non core field No approval required

PO

Apply

< 15 days of change < 15 days SCN

Respond < 7 days

Revocation of cancellation of registration

< 90 days



Cancellation order

Application for revocation

Accept < 30 days Reject < 30

Communicate

and SCN to

RP

days

Respond < 7 days of receipt of supply

SuoMotu by RP

J. Business Discontinued Business transferred

- Death of proprietor
- Demerged
- Transferred as going concern

2. Change in constitution of business 3. RP - no longer liable to register

Cancellation by PO

Cancellation of registration

Response < 7 days

PO

Dispose off < 30 days

Accept

Reject

Business (not carried out from PPOB, Issues invoice without supply of goods in violation of provisions, violates the provisions of 10A, Availed ITC wrongly, value mentioned in GSTR1 as in GSTR 38, Business commenced within six months, Return not filed beyond three months from the due date of filing return

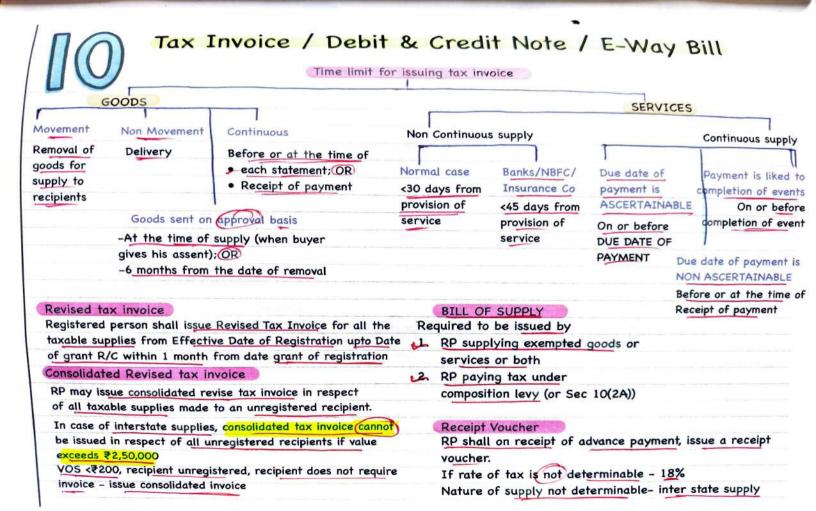
#### Supplier suppling good through ECO exempt for compulsory registration SUSPENSION Persons shall not make inter state supply 2. Persons shall not make supply through ECO in more than 1 state/UT Cancellation Cancellation Shall have a PAN proceedings order passed initiated Such persons shall declare on common portal- PAN. State of No taxable supply operation, Addresses of place of business. No GST return to be furnished Would be provided with enrolment no. No refund can be initiated Only 1 enrolment no. · Suo motu by RP for cancellation ECO shall allow only such supplier who has provided enrolment no. Suspension period Once registration is granted, such enrolment no. would be cancelled Date of Cancellation submission of NEW SECTION - AADHAR AUTHENTICATION FOR RP - SECTION 108 proceeding Person needed to undergo Addhar authentication application are complete Proprietorship Proprietor Provided that if Andhan number has not been assigned to the required to undergo authentication of the Andhoor number, such person Partnership firm Partner shall furnish the following identification documents, namely: -Cancellation by proper officer Hindu undivided Karta her his Aadhaar Enrolment ID slice and family Sank passbook with photograph, or Suspension period Managing Director or any whole time Director A company Voter identity card issued by the Election Commission of An AOP / BOI / Any of the Members of the Managing Committee Date determined Cancellation Society. Passport; or Trust Trustee in the Board of Trustees; authorized signatory Driving license issued by the Licensing Authority under the by PO proceedings are In order to be eligible for the purposes as specified in column (2) of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 Provided further that such person shall undergo the authentication of completed For filling of application for revocation of cancellation of Andhoor number registration in FORM GST REG-21 under Rule 23 For filing of refund application in FORM RFD-01 under rule 89 For refund u/r 96 of the integrated tax paid on goods exported No Aadhar Authentication required Does cancellation of registration impose any tax obligations on the person whose Person not a citizen of India registration is so cancelled? 2 CG/SG Department (Yes,) every RP whose registration is cancelled shall pay an amount, by 3 Local Authority - debit in the electronic credit ledger or 4. Statutory Body - electronic cash ledger, equivalent to the credit of input tax in respect of inputs

held in stock or capital goods on the day immediately preceding the date of such

cancellation or the output tax payable on such goods, whichever is higher.

S. PSU

6. Person applying UIN



#### Refund Voucher

Where, on receipt of advance payment, the RP issues a receipt voucher, but subsequently no supply is made, the RP then may issue REFUND VOUCHER

#### INVOICE & PAYMENT VOUCHER

RP who is liable to pay tax under RCM, shall issue invoice in respect of G/&S received by him from the supplier who is not registered on the date of receipt. Besides, a RP who is liable to pay under RCM, shall invoice a payment voucher at the time of making payment to the supplier.

Invoice cum bill Supply

URP

of supply

DELIVERY CHALLAN (RULE 55) - cases where delivery challan is issued

- Supply of liquid gas where the quantity at the time of removal from the place of business of the supplier is not known.
- 2. Transportation of goods for job work
- 3 Transportation of goods for reasons other than by way of supply
- 4. Other notified supplies

Particulars of delivery challan - date and number, name, address and GSTIN of consignor and consignee, HSN code, quantity, taxable value, rate, and amount of GST, place of supply, signature

In case good sentence semi/completely knockdown condition/in batenes/lots

- 1. Issue invoice- Before Dispatch of 1st lot
- 2. Issue delivery challan- In subsequent lots
- 3. Delivery challan to accompany the invoice copy, which is certified
- 4. Original invoice with the last lot.

#### DEBIT NOTE

Situations where debit note needs to be issued-

- The supplier has a nicely declared a value which is less than the actual value of goods or services or both
- 2. Supplier has erroneously Declared the lower tax rate, then what is applicable for the kind of goods or services of both
- .3. The quantity received by the resident is more than what has been declared.

#### CREDIT NOTE

- Supplier has erroneously declared a value which is more than the actual value
- 2. Supplier had erroneously declared a higher tax rate than what is applicable
- 3. The quantity received by the recipe is less than what has been declared
- 4. The quality of the goods or services or both supplied is not to the satisfaction
- of the recipient, thereby necessitating a partial or total reimbursement.

#### E WAY BILL

- When there is a movement of goods of consignment value exceeding ₹50,000, it includes value declared in the invoice and GST, but will not include exempt Supply.
- Mandatory EWB 1. Interstate transfer of goods by principal to job worker.
  - 2 Interstate transfer of handicraft goods by a person exempted from obtaining registration
- EWB to be generated by the person who causes movement of the goods.
- 1. If supplier is RP Undertakes to transport, the goods, movement of goods is caused by the supplier.
- 2. If recipient arranges transport, movement is caused by him.
- 3. If goods are supplied by URP to RP, movement shall said to be caused by such recipient.
- Information to be furnished in EWAY BILL
  - PART A supplier details, recipient details, value, rate, HSN, distance
  - PART B Transporter Details, vehicle registration number, Driver details, drivers license
- \* EWB in case of bill to ship to model only one eWAY bill is required to be generated, either the original customer or the second.
- F value > ₹50,000 and consignor and consignee, don't issue EWAY Bill. It is then the mandatory responsibility of the transporter.
- WE WAY Bill is valid for movement of goods by road when the information in part B is furnished. Exceptions, however, details of conveyance may not be furnished in part B of the EWAY bill where the goods are transported for a distance of up to 50 km within the state/union territory.
- Consolidated E WAY Bill is a document containing multiple EWAY bills for multiple consignments being carried in one conveyance.
- Cancellation of E WAY bill within 24 hours of generation
- Goods are either not transported or 2. Not transported as per the details furnished in e way bill





- · Validity of E WAY Bill
- Normal cargo one day for every 200 km or part there of
- 2. Over-dimensional cargo One day for every 20 km or part there of
- 3-Multidimensional shipment in which at least one leg involves Transport by ship- One day for every 20 km or part there of
- · Acceptance of E WAY BILL
- Time limit 1. 72 hours of the details being made available to him on the common portal for
  - 2. Time of delivery of goods. whichever is earlier
- Inspection and verification of goods
- A summary report of every inspection of goods and transit shall be recorded online by the proper officer in part A within 24 hours of inspection and final report and part B within three days of such inspection.
- Blocking of E WAY Bill generation facility
- J. Person paying tax under composition scheme has not furnished the statement for payment of self assessed tax for 2 consecutive quarters
- 2. Person paying tax under regular scheme has not furnished returns for consecutive period of 2 Tax periods.
- 3. Person paying tax under regular scheme has not furnished GSTR1 for any two months or quarters as the case maybe
- Person whose registration has been suspended under the provisions of rule 21, a of the CGST rules.

## E-INVOICING

- ▶ E invoicing. is the system in which B2B invoices are authenticated electronically by GSTN for further use on common GST portal.
- All invoice information will be transferred from this portal for both GST portal and eBay bill portal in real time.
- ✓ Under E invoicing system an identification number will be issued against every invoice by invoice registration portal (IRN)
- Applicable to Only B2B Supplies (Including Exports) If Agg. T/o of a registered person in any FY from 2017-18 exceeds ₹5 Cr. EXCEPTIONS SEZ units, insurer/banking company/ NBFC, GTA, Supplier of passenger transportation service. Govt./local body.
- A registered person whose aggregate TO in any preceding FY from 2017-18 onwards exceeds ₹ 500 crores will have a QR code.

# ACCOUNTS AND RECORDS

Who is required to maintain his books of accounts and at which place?

Every registered person is required to maintain his books of accounts at

Principal place of business

additional place of business

ACCOUNTS TO BE MAINTAINED BY SPECIFIC PERSONS

#### AGENT

Authorisation received from each principal to receive/supply G/S on his behalf;

Particular - description, value, quantity of goods or services supplied on behalf of every principal

Tax paid on receipt or supply of goods/ services affected on behalf of each

Particular - description, value, quantity of goods or services received on behalf of every principal

supplier Details of accounts furnished to every principle

#### MANUFACTURER

- Monthly production account showing quantitative details of the raw materials of service is used in manufacturing.
- Quantitative returns of the goods manufactured, including waste and by product

#### SUPPLIER

Account showing quantitative details of goods used in the provision of services and details of input services utilised. and the services supplied

CUSTODIAN/ CLEARING & FORWARDING AGENT

Maintain true and correct records in respect of goods handled by him on behalf of the registered person and shall produce the details thereof as and when required by the proper officer

#### WORKS CONTRACT

- The name and addresses of person whose behalf the works contracted is executed
- Description, value, quantity of goods or services received for execution of works contract
- Description, value, quantity of Gujarat services utilised in execution of works contract. The details of payment received in respect of each contract, the names and addresses of supplies from whom he receives car services

#### Accounts and records to be maintained; A true and correct account of following is

to be maintained. Inward and Production Output outward Records Stock of ITC prescribed manufacture supply of goods availed payable goods or by rules of goods and paid services or

> Arrue and correct account of: Reverse charge services supplies along with relevant imported/ Suppliers of exported documents goods/services chargeable to tax Separate Names and account of addresses of advances Recipient of goods/services

Address of he premises where goods are stored

Goods/

Composition person not to maintain the following records and documents:

commodity wise stock of goods and details of tax payable and paid, ITC, register of invoice, credit note, debit note, delivery challan

#### How Accounts and records will be maintained?

#### Records in electronic form

- Record in electronic form be authenticated by digital signature
- 2. Proper electronic backup of records be maintained and preserved
  3. Such records need to be Produced, on demand, in hard copy or in any electronically readable format.
- 4. Details of files, their passwords and explanation for codes and any other info required for access

## No entry to be erased/overwritten

- Incorrect entries, other than those of clerical nature, be scored out under attestation and thereafter correct entry be recorded
- In case, electronic records being maintained, a log of every entry, edited or deleted shall be maintained.
- 3. Books of accounts maintained manually be serially numbered
- 4. Books of Accounts, required to be produced, on demand

### FAILURE TO MAINTAIN THE ACCOUNTS

- 1. Proper officer shall determine the tax payable on uncounted goods and/or services as if same had been supplied by such person
- 2. Provisions of section 73/74 shall, mutatis mutandis, apply for determination of such tax.

#### PERIOD OF RETENTION

72 months, from the due date of furnishing of annual return for the year pertaining to such accounts and records

Where an appeal/revision/any other proceedings or investigation is going on -

- 1 year after final disposal of such appeal/revision/proceeding/investigation or
- 72 months from the due date of furnishing of annual return for the year pertaining, which ever is LATER

#### ITEM WISE STOCK A/C

RP under regular scheme, shall maintain accounts of opening balance, receipt, supply, goods, stolen, loss, destroyed, returns, or disposed by way of gift or free sample and the balance of stock, including raw materials, finished goods, scrap and wastage.

#### DETAILS OF ITC CLAIMED

Every RP under the regular scheme shall keep and maintain an account containing details of tax, payable, tax, collected, and paid, input tax, ITC claim, together with the register of tax invoice, credit, and debit notes and, delivery challan

# PAYMENT OF TAXES

#### E LEDGERS

### Electronic Cash Ledger

- 1. Can be utilised to pay off Output Tax, interest, late fees, Penalty
- 2. Money can be credited through: NEFT/ RTGS, Debit/Credit card, Net banking, UPI, IMPS, Cash/cheque/DD upto Rs. 10,000. excep
- 1 PO to recover outstanding dues
- 2. PO to collect the amount by way of cash/cheque/ demand draft during any investigation/ enforcement activity 3. GOVT dept.
- 3. E cash ledger shall be maintained in form GST PMT05.
- 4. Person depositing the amount in E cash ledger shall generate a challan in form GST PMT06. (14 digit unique CPIN and valid for 15 days)
- 5. Ledger is displayed major heads (IGST, CGST, SGST) and each major head is divided into five minor heads (tax, interest, penalty, fee, and others).

### Electronic Credit Ledger

- 1 E-credit ledger represents I.T.C
- 2. Credits can be used to make payments of only tax and not other amounts
- 3. ITC cannot be utilised for tax payable under RCM.
- 4. E credit ledger shall be maintained in form GST PMT02.

#### GST PMT - 09 Form can be used to

- i) Transfer Erroneous deposits under any minor head of a major head to any other minor head of same or other major heads.
- ii) Transfer of any of amounts already lying non utilised under any of the minor heads in E-Cash ledger.

E-cash balance can be transferred between Distinct Person only if Transferor has paid all its liabilities in his E-Liability ledger



## Electronic Liability Ledger

- All liabilities of taxable person shall be recorded and maintained in this ledger
- . 2. Order of adjustment in settling tax liability.
- First self assessed tax, and other dues o previous tax periods
- Second self assessed tax, and other dues related of current tax periods

Any other amount payable under this act, including the demand.

#### Interest on delayed payment 18%

- Livery person who is liable to pay but fails
- · delay in payment of tax due to delay in filing return - Calculate on NET AMT.
- · delay in payment of tax but return filed on time - Calculate on GROSS AMT.
- 2. ITC has been wrongly availed & utilised

If, GSTR 3B - Delayed Basis Payment Delayed Basis		If, GSTR3B - within due date 🌠	
		Payment – delayed basis	
For example, Liability of – July 2024 Due date – 20/08/24	GSTR 3B - 20/11/24 Payment - 20/11/24	Liability of – July 2024 Due date – 20/08/24	- GSTR 38 - 18/8/24 - Payment - 20/11/2
Liability of July - ₹1,00,000		Liability - ₹1,00,000	
TTC - ₹40,000		ITC - ₹40,000	
Interest = 60,000 × 18% × 92/365 = ₹2722		Interest = ₹1,00,000 × 18% × 92/365 = ₹4537	

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# TDS-TCS

#### IMP. POINTS

Rate of TDS = 2% ( Intra:) CGST @ 1% SGST@ 1%

Inter:- IGST@ 2%)

- Deductors of tax CG/SG/ Local Authority/Government agencies/
  Notified persons ( refer rapider)
- a contract exceeds ₹2,50,000 (exclusive of tax and cess as per the invoice)
- TDS@2% of to be deducted on amount paid 8 hot on contract value
- Delayed payment of TDS = Interest @18% p.a.
- Return = Form No:- GSTR 7
- Due date:- 10th of next month
- TDS certificate- GSTR 7A
- Delayed return; Late fees ₹100 every day, maximum ₹5000

## Categories of persons not liable to deduct TDS

- When Goods/Services are supplied from one PSU to another PSU (Whether or not distinct person)
- 2 If any supply of Goods/Services takes place between 'Specified Recipients' of section 51
- 3. No TDS shall be deducted when supplier and place of supply are of same state but recipient different state

## TCS not applicable

If services are falling under section 9(5)
 Collected TCS will be shown in F.lec.cash ledger

#### TAX COLLECTED AT SOURCE

Every ECO who supplies goods & collects consideration on behalf of supplier from customer on net value of taxable supplies made through it by suppliers has to collect TCS.

Net Value of taxable supplies:

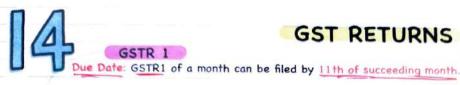
Add: Aggregate value of taxable supplies of G/S

(other than notified services under section 9(5) by all RP through operator)

Less: Taxable supplies returned to suppliers

#### IMP. POINTS

- Rate of TCS = 0.5% (Intra:- CGST @ 0.25%SGST@ 0.25%
   Inter:- IGST@ 0.5%)
- Due date of TCS = 10th of next month
- Delay in Depositing TCS = Interest @ 18% p.a.
- Return = Form No:- GSTR-8
- Due date of filing Annual Statement = 31st Dec of next FY.
- The TCS amount collected by eco has to be remitted to the government treasury within 10 days after the end of the month
- An electronic statement has to be filed containing details of the outward supplies during the month within 10 days after the end of each month.
- An officer not below the rank of deputy commissioner can issue notice to furnish details, the ECO is required to furnish details within 15 working days. in case of failure, there is liability up to 25,000/-



# **GST RETURNS**

QUICK REVISION GSTR1 11th next month

GSTR 28 Auto-populate

GSTR 3B 20th of the next month

GSTR 4 30th April of the succeeding FY

CMP-08 18th of succeeding quarter

GSTR 5 13 days after end of calendar month or 7 days after the last date of validity of registration, earlier

GSTR 9 31st December of next FY GSTR 10 Within 3 months of; Later of; date of cancellation or date of order of cancellation

Rectification earlier of: 30th day of November of FY or date of filing of relevant annual return.

Details of Outward Supplies.

Unregistered persons

GSTR28 Details of inward supplies,

Auto-populated on the basis of details filled in GSTR 1 by

supplier.

Consolidated details

Intra

Invoice

value >

₹1 lakh

Summary of Outward supplies, Inward supplies, Output tax ITC, Net tax payable + Payment of tax.

Invoice wise

DUE DATE: 20th day of the month succeeding the relevant

calendar month

NIL RETURNS • GSTR1/3B

Registered persons

Invoice wise

· no business activity

· can be filed through SMS by OTP

Inter

State wise consolidated

details

Invoice

value <

₹1 lakh

details

AMENDMENT Cases where RP is debarred from IFF/GSTR-I

GSTR3B

RECTIFICATION of Errors

earlier of the following dates:

. 30th day of November of the following FY; or b Date of filing of the relevant annual return

A RP shall not be allowed to furnish the details of outward supplies in

GSTR-1, if not furnished the return in GSTR-3B for preceding months.

(iv) RP shall not be allowed to furnish GSTR-1 if not furnished the details of

bank account as per rule 10A.

(jii) Intimation u/r 88C to pay or explain the difference in GSTR-1 & 3B received (iv) Intimation u/r 88D has been issued on common portal in respect of a tax period

#### GSTR 4

Composition Tax Payer

Due Date: 30th April of next FY PAYMENT: CMP-08; 18th of the following quarter.

GSTR 5

NRTP

Due Date: 13th of next month; OR 7 days from expiry of registration certificate. earlier

> GSTR 9 Annual Return

Can be filled by all registered person excepti) CTP ii) NRTP iii) ISD iv) TCS/TDS

v) OIDAR outside india

Due Date: 31st December of next FY

GSTR 10

Final Return

Can be filed by normal taxpayer, including CTP, whose registration certificate has been cancelled or surrendered

Due Date: within three months from date of cancellation or date of order of cancellation; (ATER

#### FIRST RETURN

All the outward supplies made from the date of becoming liable to register upto date of grant of registration certificate, shall be filed in first return.

1/4/23

1/7/23

TO exceeds

30/8/23 Registration certificate

31/3/24

₹20 Lakhs

Details to be filled in first return

GSTR 11

GST paid on inward supplies

**UIN Holders** 

Issue temporary invoice, after registration certificate, issue revised tax invoice within 1 month

ITC = REFUND File GSTR11

URP

LATE FEES

For Delayed Filing Of GSTR-1 And/Or GSTR-3B

Registered Persons who have Nil Outward Supplies in Tax Period; or RP whose Total Amount Of Tax Payable As Per GSTR-3B Is Nil

Lower Of the Following Two: Rs ₹20 (Rs10 under each act) for every day during which such failure continues; or

OTHER CASES (not nil return) Aggregate TO Of Preceding FY Doesn't Exceed Rs 1.5 Cr > 1.5 CY

Rs 50 (Rs25 under each act)for every day during which failure continues; or Rs 2,000 (Rs1,000 each under each act)

500 (Rs 250 under each act)

Aggregate TO Of Preceding FY Exceeds • Rs 50 (Rs25 under each act) for every Rs 1.5 Cr But Doesn't Exceed Rs 5 Cr 1.5 KSCY

day during which failure continues; or Rs 5000 (Rs 2,500 each under each act)

Aggregate Turnover Of Preceding FY Exceeds Rs 5 Cr Sac

Rs 50 (Rs25 under each act) for every day during which such failure continues; or • Rs 10,000 (Rs5000 under each act)

# For Delayed Filing Of GSTR-4 (Return By A Composition Supplier)

THE RESERVE OF COTO 4 TO NII	to a CC the Fellewise Fore
Total Tax Payable as Per GSTR-4 Is Nil	Lower Of the Following Two:
	- Rs 20 (Rs 10 under each act)
	for every day during which such failure continues; or
	- Rs 500 (Rs 250 under each act)
Total Tax Payable as Per GSTR-4 Is NOT Nil	Lower of
Total lan rayant at ref. of the rest.	- Rs 50 (Rs 25 under each act) for every day during which
	such failure continues; or
	- Rs 2,000 (Rs 1000 under each act)
For Delayed F	Filing Of GSTR-9
	Lower Of the Following Two:
Registered persons having aggregate turnover <	- Rs 50 (Rs 25 under each act) per day
₹ 5CR in the relevant FY	-0.04% of turnover in the State (0.02% under each act)
Registered persons having aggregate turnover <	- Rs 100 (Rs 50 under each act) per day
₹ 20 CR in the relevant FY	-0.04% of turnover in the State (0.02% under each act)
Registered persons having aggregate turnover >	- Rs 200 (Rs 100 under each act) per day
₹ 20 CR in the relevant FY	-0.05% of turnover in the State (0.02% under each act)